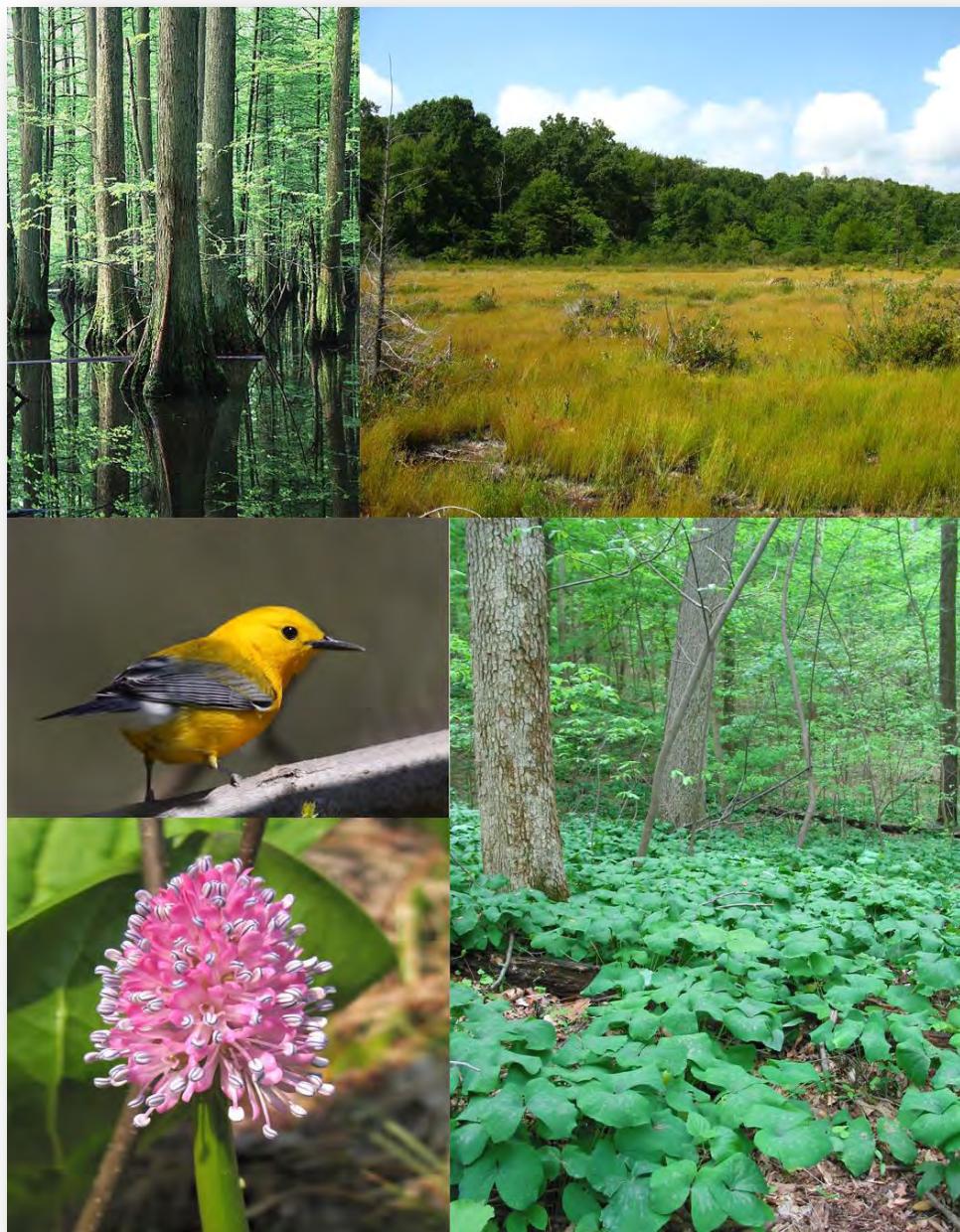


# THE NATURAL COMMUNITIES OF MARYLAND

2016 NATURAL COMMUNITY CLASSIFICATION FRAMEWORK



Wildlife and Heritage Service

*Cover photographs clockwise from left:*

Bald Cypress – Gum Swamp along the Pocomoke River, Worcester County (Photograph by Richard Weigand); Montane Peatland, Garrett County (Photograph by Peter Stango III); Basic Mesic Forest with lush carpet of Twinleaf (*Jeffersonia diphylla*) near Snyder's Landing, Washington County (Photograph by Jason W. Harrison); Swamp Pink (*Helonias bullata*), Cecil County (Photograph by Kerry Wixted); Prothonotary Warbler (*Protonotaria citrea*) (Photograph by George Jett)

# The Natural Communities of Maryland

2016 Natural Community Classification Framework

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## Introduction

In 1979, the Maryland Natural Heritage Program of the Department of Natural Resources was established as the lead agency responsible for protecting and managing nongame, rare, threatened and endangered plants and animals and their respective habitats in Maryland. It currently monitors the status of more than 1,100 native plants and animals and 226 natural community types.

Since 1993, Program biologists have collected more than 2,000 vegetation sample plots from various natural community classification studies throughout the state. Examples of these studies focused on the classification of natural communities such as shale barrens, serpentine barrens, limestone glades, Delmarva bays, seepage wetlands, montane peatlands, Potomac River floodplain forests, and tidal marshes, shrublands, and forests of the coastal plain. More recently, vegetation mapping projects have yielded much information boosting our understanding of the distribution and conservation status of many different community types throughout the region. Examples of areas where these projects have occurred include Assateague Island National Seashore, Chesapeake Marshlands National Wildlife Refuge Complex, Appalachian National Scenic Trail, Patuxent Research Refuge, and parks within the National Capital Region. The data provided by these studies form the foundation of the State's natural community classification and are critical pieces of information in natural community protection efforts throughout Maryland.

The purpose of this document is to present the current natural community classification framework of 79 ecological community groups and 226 community types recognized by the Program as occurring in Maryland. Natural community classification is an iterative process so this document should be considered a fluid one with refinements likely to occur over time.

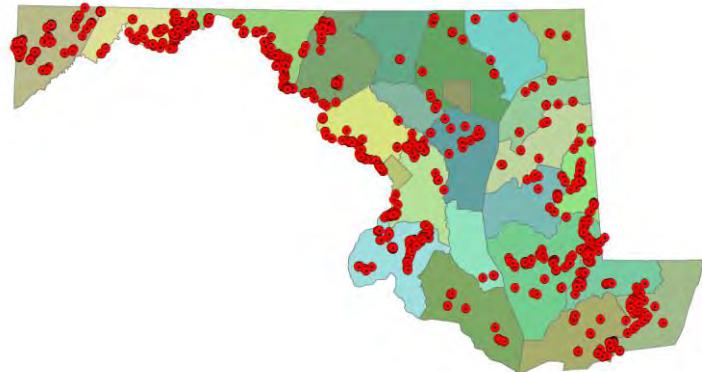


Figure 1. Vegetation sample plot locations

## What are Natural Communities?

Natural communities are best described as “recurring assemblages of plants and animals found in particular physical environments.” The conservation of natural communities provides a “coarse filter” approach that ensures the protection of ecological systems and interdependent species that may not otherwise receive attention. The Maryland landscape is a diverse and complex one with a variety of natural communities represented, from beaches and fringing tidal marshes along the coast to high-elevation peatlands and ravines of old-growth hemlock in the mountains. Each of these natural communities is uniquely tied to a set of environmental conditions and species adapted to those conditions. Just as a tidal marsh is characterized by species adapted to freshwater or brackish tidal conditions, a montane peatland contains species restricted to higher elevations and cooler climates.

## Why Classify Natural Communities?

Natural communities are key components of Maryland's biological diversity. The conservation of uncommon and rare natural communities serve as coarse-filter surrogates or umbrellas for conserving a multitude of lesser-known species. This is particularly true for the thousands of invertebrate species that are poorly understood and unstudied. The Natural Heritage Program also places particular emphasis on and gives conservation priority to "exemplary" natural communities. Exemplary natural communities include nearly all examples of uncommon and rare types but also high-quality examples of common types. High-quality natural communities are identified as having relatively little human impact. These areas have greater potential to have natural dynamics that are characteristic of the original community types. It is essential to classify these natural communities to a scale that is recognizable and meaningful for conservation. The Maryland natural community classification provides a framework that organizes and describes natural communities in a logical manner. By doing so, the classification provides natural resource managers with a standard set of terms and concepts to describe habitats, and it also provides mapping units to use in plans for managing public and private natural areas such as natural area preserves, wildlife management areas, parks, and nature preserves. The classification can be used to identify natural communities for environmental review projects. In combination with the Heritage ranking system, the classification can be used to establish priorities for land acquisition by public agencies and private conservation organizations. Programs for long-term monitoring of environmental change can use the classification to guide the selection of monitoring sites.

## Organization of the Maryland Natural Community Classification

The Maryland natural community classification is a fine-scaled classification system that uses an ecologically based hierarchy of grouping levels to organize community types in a logical manner. It is conceptually based on previous classifications developed by the Natural Heritage Program (Berdine 1998, Berdine 1999), the Virginia Natural Heritage Program (Fleming *et al.* 2016), and the North Carolina Heritage Program (Schafale 2012). The classification is organized into four main levels from broad to specific: **System**, **Class**, **Ecological Community Group** and **Community Type**.



**System** represents the broadest or "coarsest" level of the classification. Five systems are included in this classification hierarchy: **terrestrial**, **palustrine**, **estuarine**, **marine**, and **riverine**. They are each distinguished from one another by gross hydrologic, geomorphic, chemical, and biologic features. The following system definitions have been adapted from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service wetland classification (Cowardin *et al.* 1979). The **terrestrial system** consists of upland habitats in Maryland that have well-drained soils ranging from dry to mesic in moisture regime. It supports vegetation that is predominately upland and never hydrophytic even if occasional flooding or soil saturation occur. The **palustrine system** encompasses all non-tidal, perennial wetlands in Maryland characterized by emergent vegetation. It is comprised of hydrophytic vegetation and includes wetlands that are permanently saturated by groundwater seepage, permanently flooded wetlands, and seasonally or intermittently flooded wetlands. The

**estuarine system** includes deepwater tidal habitats and adjacent tidal wetlands that are usually semienclosed by land but have open, partly obstructed, or sporadic access to the open ocean, and in which ocean water is at least occasionally diluted by freshwater runoff from the land. Salinity values are typically less than 30.0 parts per thousand (ppt) ocean-derived salts. All tidal wetlands considered freshwater (salinity less than 0.5 ppt.) are included in this system. The **riverine system** is characterized by linear aquatic communities of flowing waterways with discrete channels characterized by floating-leaved aquatic and submerged aquatic vegetation. For purposes of this classification these communities are exclusive to non-tidal freshwater (salinity less than 0.5 ppt.) reaches of streams and rivers. Finally, the **marine system** consists of the open ocean overlying the continental shelf and its associated coastline that is exposed to the waves and wave energy. For purposes of classifying terrestrial vegetation this system is primarily associated with coastlines.

**Class** is the next hierarchical level in the Maryland natural community classification. There are currently 11 classes (see Table 1) that serve to group natural communities based on similar ecological characteristics such as soil moisture (e.g., *Mesic Forests* versus *Dry Forests*) or hydrology (e.g., *Alluvial Wetlands* versus *Non-Alluvial Wetlands*). In a few situations classes have been developed to accommodate certain groups of natural communities that co-occur on the landscape and/or are subject to unique ecological processes (e.g., *Maritime Upland Communities*, *Non-tidal Maritime Wetlands*). It should be noted that while the terrestrial and palustrine systems have multiple classes the estuarine, riverine, and marine systems each have only one class.

The hierarchy of the Maryland natural community classification is further winnowed down with each class organized into **ecological community groups**. Ecological community groups are aggregations of finer-level community types that are based on various combinations of topographic, edaphic, physiognomic, and gross floristic similarities (Fleming et al. 2012). They are the most recognized level of the Maryland natural community classification and allow for easy interpretation and application among a wide variety of users. Ecological community groups often have a direct correlation with other state natural community classifications and other ecological classifications. This practicability has made ecological community groups especially useful in identifying local and regional conservation targets as well as helping to direct land management efforts. There are currently 79 ecological community groups defined in this classification. Examples of ecological community groups include *northern hardwood forest*, *basic mesic forest*, *limestone glade*, *serpentine barren*, *montane peatland*, *tidal freshwater marsh* and *shrubland*, and *maritime swamp*.

**Table 1.** Upper levels of the Maryland natural community classification hierarchy

System	Class	Definition
Terrestrial	<b>Mesic Forests</b>	This class is characterized by diverse forests throughout Maryland with moist, well-drained soils regimes often supporting lush vegetation. A variety of groups comprise this class which range from northern hardwoods at higher elevations in the mountains to basic mesic forests of the coastal plain.
Terrestrial	<b>Dry-Mesic Forests and Woodlands</b>	This class is characterized by forests throughout Maryland with intermediate soil moisture regimes. They are widespread and commonly comprised of oak and hickory species over a number of geological substrates (e.g., limestone, metabasalt, quartzites, sandstones, shale) accounting for a wide variety of groups in this class.
Terrestrial	<b>Dry Forests and Woodlands</b>	This class is characterized by forests and woodlands consisting of extremely dry, drought-prone soils usually occupying exposed rocky or sandy areas such as ridges, crests, and slopes.
Terrestrial	<b>Glades, Barrens and Rock Outcrops</b>	This widely variable class accommodates a number of groups susceptible to drought stress conditions due to their shallow soils and impervious bedrock. They are characterized by drought-adapted forbs, warm-season grasses and open canopies which historically were maintained through natural fire cycles and grazing. Many community types within this class are recognized as globally rare.
Terrestrial	<b>Maritime Forests, Woodlands, and Dunes</b>	This class is represented by groups inextricably linked to coastal and marine processes such as salt spray and sand deposition derived from wind and wave action. They occur primarily along the Atlantic coast on barrier islands (e.g., Assateague Island) but are also known to occur along portions of the Chesapeake Bay.
Palustrine	<b>Alluvial Wetlands</b>	This class consists of groups related to river and stream floodplains with non-tidal flooding regimes. Most groups within this class are characterized by highly productive and diverse forests.
Palustrine	<b>Non-alluvial Wetlands</b>	This widely variable class accommodates swamps, bogs, and fens controlled by groundwater seepage. Hydrological regimes vary from perennial to seasonal. Although non-alluvial wetlands in general are widespread throughout Maryland the composition and historical extent of many have been significantly altered.
Palustrine	<b>Non-tidal Maritime Wetlands</b>	This class is characterized by groundwater-controlled wetlands along the Atlantic coast that are exposed to salt spray and sand deposition derived from wind and wave action. A few community types associated with this class also extend into portions of the Chesapeake Bay.
Estuarine	<b>Tidal Wetlands</b>	This class includes wetlands associated with tributaries of the Chesapeake Bay that are flooded twice daily by tides. Groups within this class are closely linked to salinity, elevation and the depth and duration of tidal flooding.
Riverine	<b>Riverine Aquatic Beds</b>	This class is characterized by submerged aquatic vegetation of Maryland's freshwater rivers and streams.
Marine	<b>Coastal Beaches</b>	This class consists of high energy shorelines along the Atlantic coast that supports sparse vegetation.

The foundation of the classification is built upon finer-level **community types** that are embedded within each ecological community group. In concept, community types represent the most basic unit of vegetation classification, the plant community. Most accepted definitions of plant communities include four central ideas: (1) uniform physiognomy and physical structure, (2) uniform habitat conditions, (3) sharing definite floristic composition, and (4) recurring distribution across a landscape or region (Jennings et al. 2009). Plants are the focal point because they are more easily studied, measured, and are often sensitive to physical and biological factors influencing many types of organisms. For this reason, community types are the level at which natural communities are tracked and assigned conservation status ranks (see Appendix I) by the Maryland Natural Heritage Program. This level is also compatible with the vegetation association level of the U.S. National Vegetation Classification (Grossman et al. 1998) whose framework is widely recognized as a national standard organized around ecological principles for the study of plant communities (NatureServe 2016). In most cases, community types and vegetation associations of the U.S. National Vegetation Classification are equivalent in both name and concept. However, there are situations where these may vary based on local conditions or diagnostic value. For purposes of conservation, the Maryland Natural Heritage Program maintains databases of exemplary examples of rare community types and high-quality examples of common community types. Currently there are 226 community types recognized in this classification and of these 49 are critically imperiled (S1), 34 are imperiled (S2), and 32 are vulnerable (S3). In this document, the scientific name, common name, state conservation status rank, and global conservation rank are provided for each community type. In addition, the U.S. National Vegetation Classification code for each community type is also provided and hyperlinked to a description of that community type on the NatureServe Explorer website (NatureServe 2016).



# TERRESTRIAL SYSTEM

## MESIC FORESTS

### Northern Hardwood Forest

Acer saccharum - Betula alleghaniensis - Prunus serotina Forest	Central Appalachian Northern Hardwood Forest	G4	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006045</a>
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### Acidic Cove Forest

Liriodendron tulipifera - Pinus strobus - Tsuga canadensis - Quercus (rubra, alba) / Polystichum acrostichoides Forest	Central Appalachian Acidic Cove Forest (White pine - Hemlock - Mixed Hardwoods Type)	G4	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006304</a>
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### Rich Cove Forest

Acer saccharum - Fraxinus americana - Tilia americana - Liriodendron tulipifera / Actaea racemosa Forest	Central Appalachian Rich Cove Forest	G4?	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006237</a>
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### Eastern Hemlock - Hardwood Forest

Tsuga canadensis - Fagus grandifolia - Acer saccharum / (Hamamelis virginiana, Kalmia latifolia) Forest	East-central Hemlock Hardwood Forest	G3?	SU	<a href="#">CEGL005043</a>
Tsuga canadensis - Betula alleghaniensis - Prunus serotina / Rhododendron maximum Forest	Central Appalachian Hemlock - Northern Hardwood Forest	G4?	SU	<a href="#">CEGL006206</a>
Tsuga canadensis - Fagus grandifolia - Quercus (prinus, alba) Forest	Piedmont / Coastal Plain Eastern Hemlock - Hardwood Forest	G2G3	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006474</a>
Tsuga canadensis - Quercus prinus - Betula lenta Forest	Central Appalachian Hemlock - Chestnut Oak Forest	G3	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006923</a>
Tsuga canadensis - Betula alleghaniensis - Acer saccharum / Dryopteris intermedia Forest	Hemlock - Northern Hardwood Forest	G4?	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006109</a>

### Mesic Mixed Hardwood Forest

Fagus grandifolia - Quercus (alba, rubra) - Liriodendron tulipifera / (Ilex opaca var. opaca) / Polystichum acrostichoides Forest	Northern Coastal Plain / Piedmont Mesic	G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006075</a>
Pinus taeda - Quercus (michauxii, falcata) - Liquidambar styraciflua / Ilex opaca Forest	Mesic Coastal Plain Oak-Loblolly Pine Forest	GNR	S4?	<a href="#">CEGL006390</a>

### Basic Mesic Forest

Fagus grandifolia - Liriodendron tulipifera - Carya cordiformis / Lindera benzoin / Podophyllum peltatum Forest	Northern Coastal Plain / Piedmont Basic Mesic Hardwood Forest	G4?	S3?	<a href="#">CEGL006055</a>
Acer (nigrum, saccharum) - Tilia americana / Asimina triloba / Jeffersonia diphylla - Caulophyllum thalictroides Forest	Central Appalachian / Piedmont Rich Cove / Mesic Slope Forest (Twinleaf - Blue Cohosh Type)	G4G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL008412</a>
Quercus rubra - Acer saccharum - Liriodendron tulipifera Forest	High Allegheny Rich Red Oak - Sugar Maple Forest	G4G5	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006125</a>

Liriodendron tulipifera - Quercus rubra - Fraxinus americana / Asimina triloba / Actaea racemosa - Uvularia perfoliata Forest	Upper Piedmont / Northern Blue Ridge Basic Mesic Hardwood Forest	G4?	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006186</a>
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## DRY-MESIC FORESTS AND WOODLANDS

### Dry - Mesic Calcareous Forest

Quercus muehlenbergii - Quercus (alba, rubra) - Carya cordiformis / Viburnum prunifolium Forest	Ridge and Valley Limestone Oak-Hickory Forest	G3G4	S3	<a href="#">CEGL004793</a>
Quercus rubra - Acer saccharum / Ostrya virginiana / Cardamine concatenata Forest	Central Appalachian Rich Red Oak - Sugar Maple Forest	G4	S4	<a href="#">CEGL008517</a>

### Basic Oak - Hickory Forest

Carya glabra - Quercus (rubra, prinus) - Fraxinus americana / Viburnum rafinesquianum / Piptochaetium avenaceum Forest	Potomac River Bedrock Terrace Oak-Hickory Forest	G1G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006209</a>
Quercus alba - Carya glabra - Fraxinus americana / Cercis canadensis / Muhlenbergia sobolifera - Elymus hystrichus Forest	Northern Hardpan Basic Oak-Hickory Forest	G3	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006216</a>
Quercus rubra - Quercus prinus - Carya ovalis / (Cercis canadensis) / Solidago caesia Forest	Inner Piedmont / Lower Blue Ridge Basic Oak - Hickory Forest	G3G4	S3?	<a href="#">CEGL008514</a>
Quercus rubra - Quercus alba - Fraxinus americana - Carya (ovata, ovalis) / Actaea racemosa Forest	Central Appalachian Montane Oak-Hickory Forest (Basic Type)	G3	S2?	<a href="#">CEGL008518</a>

### Acidic Oak - Hickory Forest

Quercus alba - Quercus rubra - Carya alba / Cornus florida / Vaccinium stamineum / Desmodium nudiflorum Piedmont Forest	Piedmont Dry-Mesic Acidic Oak-Hickory Forest	G4G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL008475</a>
Quercus alba - Quercus prinus - Carya glabra / Cornus florida / Vaccinium pallidum / Carex pensylvanica Forest	Central Appalachian Acidic Oak - Hickory Forest	G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL008515</a>

### Eastern White Pine - Hardwood Forest

Pinus strobus - Quercus alba - Quercus prinus / Vaccinium stamineum Forest	Central Appalachian / Piedmont White Pine - Suberic Oak Forest	G4	S4	<a href="#">CEGL008539</a>
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### Oak - Heath Forest

Quercus alba - Quercus falcata - (Carya pallida) / Gaylussacia frondosa Forest	Northeastern Coastal Plain Mixed Oak / Heath Forest	G4G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006269</a>
Quercus alba - Quercus (coccinea, velutina, prinus) / Gaylussacia baccata Forest	Low-Elevation Mixed Oak / Heath Forest	G5	S5	<a href="#">CEGL008521</a>
Quercus prinus - Quercus rubra / Vaccinium pallidum - (Rhododendron periclymenoides) Forest	Central Appalachian Dry Chestnut Oak - Northern Red Oak / Heath Forest	G3G4	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL008523</a>
Quercus prinus / Deschampsia flexuosa - Solidago bicolor Forest	Chesapeake Bay River-Bluff Chestnut Oak Forest	GNR	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006490</a>
Quercus prinus - Quercus rubra / Hamamelis virginiana Forest	Central Appalachian Dry-Mesic Chestnut Oak - Northern Red Oak Forest	G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006057</a>

Quercus prinus - (Quercus coccinea, Quercus rubra) / Kalmia latifolia / Vaccinium pallidum Forest	Central Appalachian / Northern Piedmont Chestnut Oak Forest	G5	S5	<a href="#">CEGL006299</a>
Quercus prinus - Quercus (rubra, velutina) / Vaccinium (angustifolium, pallidum) Forest	Northern Appalachian Chestnut Oak Forest	G5	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006282</a>
<b>Coastal Plain Oak - Beech Heath Forest</b>				
Fagus grandifolia - Quercus (alba, velutina, prinus) / Kalmia latifolia Forest	Northeastern Coastal Plain / Piedmont Oak - Beech / Heath Forest	G4	S3?	<a href="#">CEGL006919</a>
<b>Boulderfield Forest and Woodland</b>				
Tilia americana - Fraxinus americana / Acer pensylvanicum - Ostrya virginiana / Parthenocissus quinquefolia - Impatiens pallida Woodland	Central Appalachian Basic Boulderfield Forest (Montane Basswood - White Ash Type)	G3	S2?	<a href="#">CEGL008528</a>
Betula lenta - Quercus prinus / Parthenocissus quinquefolia Woodland	Central Appalachian Acidic Boulderfield Woodland	G3G4	S3S4	<a href="#">CEGL006565</a>
Acer saccharum - Tilia americana / Staphylea trifolia / Dryopteris marginalis - (Impatiens pallida) Forest	Central Appalachian / Piedmont Low-Elevation Rich Boulderfield Forest	G3G4	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006471</a>
Lasallia (papulosa, pensylvanica) - Dimelaena oreina - (Melanelia culbersonii) Nonvascular Vegetation	Central Appalachian Acidic Boulderfield	G5	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL004142</a>
Lasallia papulosa - Stereocaulon glaucescens - Chrysotrichia chlorine Nonvascular Vegetation	Central Appalachian Mafic Boulderfield	G1	SU	<a href="#">CEGL004143</a>
<b>DRY FORESTS AND WOODLANDS</b>				
<b>Montane Pine - Oak Woodland</b>				
Pinus (pungens, rigida) - Quercus prinus / (Quercus ilicifolia) / Gaylussacia baccata Woodland	Central Appalachian Pine - Oak / Heath Woodland	G4	S4	<a href="#">CEGL004996</a>
<b>Montane - Piedmont Acidic Woodland</b>				
Pinus virginiana - Juniperus virginiana var. virginiana - Quercus stellata / Amelanchier stolonifera / Danthonia spicata / Leucobryum glaucum Woodland	Appalachian / Northern Piedmont Riverside Outcrop Woodland	G1	S1	<a href="#">CEGL008449</a>
Quercus prinus - Pinus virginiana - (Pinus pungens) / Schizachyrium scoparium - Dichanthelium depauperatum Woodland	Central Appalachian Chestnut Oak - Virginia Pine Woodland	G3?	S2?	<a href="#">CEGL008540</a>
<b>Montane - Piedmont Basic Woodland</b>				
Fraxinus americana - Carya glabra / Muhlenbergia sobolifera - Helianthus divaricatus - Solidago ulmifolia Woodland	Central Appalachian Basic Woodland	G2	S1?	<a href="#">CEGL003683</a>

### Montane Dry Calcareous Forest and Woodland

Acer saccharum - Quercus muehlenbergii / Cercis canadensis Forest	Appalachian Sugar Maple - Chinkapin Oak Limestone Forest	G4?	S3S4	<a href="#">CEGL006017</a>
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### Coastal Plain Dry Calcareous Forest and Woodland

Quercus muehlenbergii / Erigeron pulchellus var. pulchellus - Dichanthelium bosci - (Verbesina virginica var. virginica) Forest	North Atlantic Coastal Plain Dry Calcareous Forest	G1	S1	<a href="#">CEGL007748</a>
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### Coastal Plain Pine - Oak Woodland

Pinus rigida - Quercus coccinea - Quercus falcata / (Quercus marilandica) / Gaylussacia frondosa Woodland	Pine Barrens Pine - Oak Woodland	G2G3	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006329</a>
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### Inland Sand Dune and Ridge Woodland

Pinus echinata / Quercus (falcata, nigra) / Vaccinium pallidum Forest	Inland Dune and Ridge Forest/Woodland	G3	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006851</a>
Pinus virginiana - Quercus falcata - Carya pallida Forest	Inland Dune Ridge Forest	GNR	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL006354</a>
Quercus (alba, velutina, stellata, falcata) / Carya pallida / Carex pensylvanica Woodland	Hardwood Inland Dune Ridge Forest	G1	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006954</a>

## GLADES, BARRENS, AND ROCK OUTCROPS

### Limestone Glade

Quercus muehlenbergii - Cercis canadensis / Packera obovata - Lithospermum canescens Woodland	Limestone Chinkapin Oak Woodland	G3G4	S2?	<a href="#">CEGL006231</a>
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### Sandstone Glade

Pinus rigida - Quercus prinus / Gaylussacia baccata / Carex pensylvanica Woodland	Appalachian Pitch Pine Pavement Woodland	GNR	S2	<a href="#">CEGL004821</a>
Vaccinium (angustifolium, myrtilloides, pallidum) Central Appalachian Dwarf-shrubland	Central Appalachian Blueberry Shrubland	G4G5	S3	<a href="#">CEGL003958</a>

### Serpentine Barren

Acer rubrum - Pinus virginiana - Pinus rigida / Smilax spp. Serpentine Forest	Serpentine Red Maple - Pine Forest	G1G2	S2?	<a href="#">CEGL006439</a>
Juniperus virginiana - Pinus virginiana / Smilax rotundifolia Serpentine Forest	Serpentine Red-cedar - Virginia Pine / Greenbrier Forest	G1G2	S2?	<a href="#">CEGL006440</a>
Pinus rigida / Schizachyrium scoparium - Scleria pauciflora Wooded Herbaceous Vegetation	Serpentine Little Bluestem - Prairie Dropseed Grassland	G1G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006442</a>

### Shale Barren

<i>Juniperus virginiana</i> - <i>Fraxinus americana</i> - <i>Carya glabra</i> / <i>Carex pensylvanica</i> - <i>Cheilanthes lanosa</i> Woodland	Central Appalachian Circumneutral Barrens	G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006037</a>
<i>Pinus virginiana</i> - <i>Quercus prinus</i> / <i>Deschampsia flexuosa</i> - <i>Cunila origanoides</i> Woodland	North-Central Appalachian Acidic Shale Woodland	G3	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006288</a>
<i>Pinus virginiana</i> - <i>Quercus prinus</i> / <i>Quercus ilicifolia</i> / ( <i>Hieracium greenii</i> , <i>Viola pedata</i> ) Woodland	Central Appalachian Virginia Pine / Sparse Herbs Shale Woodland	G3	S2?	<a href="#">CEGL008525</a>

### Basic Outcrop Barren

<i>Fraxinus americana</i> - <i>Carya glabra</i> / <i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i> - ( <i>Minuartia glabra</i> ) Wooded Herbaceous Vegetation [PROVISIONAL]	Greenstone Glade	G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL008529</a> (x)
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### Riverside Outcrop Barren

( <i>Hypericum prolificum</i> , <i>Leucothoe racemosa</i> ) / <i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i> - <i>Solidago simplex</i> var. <i>racemosa</i> - <i>Ionactis linariifolius</i> Sparse Vegetation	Potomac Gorge Riverside Outcrop Barrens	G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006491</a>
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### Acidic Cliff and Bluff

<i>Asplenium montanum</i> Central Appalachian Sandstone Sparse Vegetation	Spleenwort Acidic Cliff	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL004391</a>
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### Basic Cliff

<i>Thuja occidentalis</i> / <i>Pellaea atropurpurea</i> Woodland	Appalachian Cliff White-cedar Woodland	G2G3	S1	<a href="#">CEGL002596</a>
<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i> - <i>Pellaea atropurpurea</i> Sparse Vegetation	Montane Cliff (Calcareous Type)	G3G4	S1	<a href="#">CEGL004476</a>
<i>Hydrangea arborescens</i> / <i>Sedum ternatum</i> - <i>Polypodium virginianum</i> Shrubland	Piedmont / Central Appalachian Subcalcareous Cliff and Rock Outcrop	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006479</a>

## MARITIME FORESTS, WOODLANDS, AND DUNES

### Maritime Dune Grassland

<i>Ammophila breviligulata</i> - <i>Panicum amarum</i> var. <i>amarum</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	Beachgrass - Panicgrass Dune Grassland	G2	S2	<a href="#">CEGL004043</a>
<i>Spartina patens</i> - <i>Schoenoplectus pungens</i> - <i>Solidago sempervirens</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	Overwash Dune Grassland	G2G3	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL004097</a>
<i>Morella (pensylvanica, cerifera)</i> / <i>Schizachyrium littorale</i> - <i>Eupatorium hyssopifolium</i> Shrub Herbaceous Vegetation	Mid-Atlantic Coast Backdune Grassland	G2	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL004240</a>

### Maritime Dune Scrub

<i>Morella pensylvanica</i> / <i>Diodia teres</i> Shrubland	Chesapeake Bay Maritime Shrubland	G2	S2	<a href="#">CEGL003881</a>
<i>Smilax glauca</i> - <i>Toxicodendron radicans</i> Vine-Shrubland	North Atlantic Coastal Plain Vine Dune	G1G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL003886</a>

Hudsonia tomentosa / Panicum amarum var. amarulum Dwarf-shrubland	Central Coast Beach-heather Dune Shrubland	G2G3	S2	<a href="#">CEGL003950</a>
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### Maritime Dune Woodland

Pinus taeda / Hudsonia tomentosa Woodland	Loblolly Pine Dune Woodland	G1G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006052</a>
Juniperus virginiana var. virginiana / Morella pensylvanica Woodland	Maritime Red-cedar Woodland	G2	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006212</a>
Prunus serotina / Morella cerifera / Smilax rotundifolia Shrubland	Chesapeake Bay Tall Maritime Shrubland	G1G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006319</a>

### Maritime Forest

Pinus taeda - Quercus (falcata, nigra) / Morella cerifera / Vitis rotundifolia Forest	Mid-Atlantic Coastal Maritime Forest	G2	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006040</a>
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# PALUSTRINE SYSTEM

## ALLUVIAL WETLANDS

### Bald Cypress - Gum Swamp

Taxodium distichum - Nyssa (biflora, sylvatica) / Clethra alnifolia / Boehmeria cylindrica Forest	Non-tidal Bald-cypress - Gum Swamp Central Atlantic Blackwater Swamp Forest	G2	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006214</a>
Nyssa biflora - (Taxodium distichum) / Clethra alnifolia - Viburnum nudum / Woodwardia areolata Forest		G3	S2	<a href="#">CEGL007054</a>

### Semipermanent Impoundment

Juncus pelocarpus - Rhynchospora alba - (Nymphaea odorata ssp. odorata) Herbaceous Vegetation [PROVISIONAL]	Coastal Plain Emergent Millpond Bog Piedmont/Mountain Semipermanent Impoundment (Montane Boggy Type)	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006853</a>
Sparganium americanum Herbaceous Vegetation	Swamp-loosestrife Shrub Swamp	G3?	S3	<a href="#">CEGL004510</a>
Decodon verticillatus Semipermanently Flooded Shrubland		GNR	S5	<a href="#">CEGL005089</a>
Nymphaea odorata - Eleocharis robbinsii Herbaceous Vegetation	Coastal Plain Pond	G2	S2?	<a href="#">CEGL006086</a>

### Floodplain Pool

Cephalanthus occidentalis - Decodon verticillatus Shrubland	Northeastern Buttonbush Shrub Swamp	G4G5	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006069</a>
Nuphar lutea ssp. advena - Nymphaea odorata Herbaceous Vegetation	Water-lily Aquatic Wetland	G4G5	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL002386</a>
Peltandra virginica - Saururus cernuus - Boehmeria cylindrica / Climaciun americanum Herbaceous Vegetation	Floodplain Pool	G3	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL007696</a>

### Coastal Plain - Piedmont Bottomland Forest

Quercus phellos - Liquidambar styraciflua / Claytonia virginica Forest [PROVISIONAL]	Potomac Gorge Willow Oak Floodplain Forest	GNR	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006494</a>
Platanus occidentalis - (Liquidambar styraciflua - Liriodendron tulipifera) / Asimina triloba Forest	Coastal Plain Streamside Forest	G3G4	S3?	<a href="#">CEGL006603</a>
Liriodendron tulipifera - Acer (rubrum, negundo) - (Platanus occidentalis) / Carpinus caroliniana / Polygonum virginianum Forest	Northern Piedmont Small-Stream Floodplain Forest	G4	S3S4	<a href="#">CEGL006492</a>
Liquidambar styraciflua - Liriodendron tulipifera / Lindera benzoin / Arisaema triphyllum Forest	Coastal Plain / Piedmont Small-Stream Floodplain Forest	G4	S4	<a href="#">CEGL004418</a>

Acer (rubrum, saccharinum) - Fraxinus pennsylvanica - Ulmus americana / Boehmeria cylindrica Forest

	Northern Piedmont / Central Appalachian Maple-Ash Swamp Forest	G4	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006548</a>
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Quercus (phellos, palustris, michauxii) - Liquidambar styraciflua / Cinna arundinacea Forest	Coastal Plain Oak Floodplain Swamp	G3G4	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006605</a>
Acer rubrum - Fraxinus pennsylvanica / Saururus cernuus Forest	Chesapeake / Piedmont Red Maple / Lizard's-tail Swamp	GNR	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006606</a>
Quercus palustris - Quercus bicolor / Carex tribuloides - Carex radiata - (Carex squarrosa) Forest	Northern Piedmont / Central Appalachian Pin Oak Floodplain Swamp	G3G4	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006497</a>

### Montane - Piedmont Bottomland Forest

Acer saccharum - Fraxinus americana / Carpinus caroliniana / Podophyllum peltatum Forest	Mid-Atlantic High Terrace Hardwood Floodplain Forest	G3?	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006459</a>
Platanus occidentalis - Acer negundo - Juglans nigra / Asimina triloba / Mertensia virginica Forest	Piedmont / Central Appalachian Rich Floodplain Forest	G4	S4	<a href="#">CEGL004073</a>
Acer saccharinum - Acer negundo / Ageratina altissima - Laportea canadensis - (Elymus virginicus) Forest	Piedmont / Central Appalachian Silver Maple Forest	G4	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006217</a>
Quercus rubra - Quercus shumardii - Fraxinus americana / Cercis canadensis Forest [PROVISIONAL]	Potomac Gorge Bedrock Floodplain Oak Forest	GNR	SU	<a href="#">CEGL006495</a>

### Montane - Piedmont Small-Stream Forest

Liriodendron tulipifera - Platanus occidentalis - Betula lenta / Lindera benzoin / Circaeа lutetiana ssp. canadensis Forest	Northern Blue Ridge Montane Alluvial Forest	G3?	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006255</a>
Acer saccharum - Liriodendron tulipifera / Galium concinnum - Carex laxiculmis Forest	Central Appalachian Ridge and Valley Floodplain Forest	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006473</a>

### Depositional Bar and Shore

Eragrostis hypnoides - Ludwigia palustris - Lindernia dubia - Cyperus squarrosus Herbaceous Vegetation	Appalachian-Atlantic River Bar Drawdown Shore	G3	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006483</a>
Carex torta Herbaceous Vegetation	Rocky Bar and Shore (Twisted Sedge Type)	G3G4	S4	<a href="#">CEGL004103</a>
Justicia americana Herbaceous Vegetation	Water-willow Rocky Bar and Shore	G4G5	S5	<a href="#">CEGL004286</a>
Verbesina alternifolia - Elymus riparius - Solidago gigantea - (Teucrium canadense) Herbaceous Vegetation	Piedmont / Central Appalachian Riverbank Tall Herbaceous Vegetation	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006480</a>
Eupatorium serotinum - Polygonum (lapathifolium, punctatum, pensylvanicum) Herbaceous Vegetation	Piedmont / Central Appalachian Scour Bar Herbaceous Vegetation	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006481</a>

## River-Scour Woodland

Quercus bicolor - Fraxinus pennsylvanica - (Platanus occidentalis) / Chasmanthium latifolium - Dichanthelium clandestinum - Zizia aurea Woodland	Piedmont / Central Appalachian River-Scour Woodland	G1G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006218</a>
Platanus occidentalis - Acer saccharinum - Betula nigra - Fraxinus pennsylvanica / Boehmeria cylindrica - Carex emoryi Woodland	Central Appalachian / Piedmont Bedrock Floodplain Woodland	G2?	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006476</a>
Carpinus caroliniana - Ilex decidua Shrubland	Piedmont Riverscour Shrubland	G1?	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006484</a>
Platanus occidentalis - Betula nigra - Salix (caroliniana, nigra) Woodland	Piedmont / Central Appalachian Sycamore - River Birch Scour Woodland	G4G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL003896</a>

## Riverside Prairie

Andropogon gerardii - Panicum virgatum - Baptisia australis Herbaceous Vegetation	Fall-line Riverwash Bedrock Prairie	G3	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006283</a>
Panicum virgatum - Andropogon gerardii Gravel Wash Herbaceous Vegetation	Ridge and Valley Gravel-Wash Prairie	G2G3	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006477</a>
Fraxinus americana / Andropogon gerardii - Sorghastrum nutans - Schizachyrium scoparium - Pycnanthemum tenuifolium Herbaceous Vegetation	Piedmont / Central Appalachian Riverside Outcrop Prairie	G1	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006478</a>

## NON-ALLUVIAL WETLANDS

### High-Elevation Seepage Swamp

Picea rubens - (Tsuga canadensis) / Rhododendron maximum Saturated Forest	Swamp Forest - Bog Complex (Spruce Type)	G2?	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006277</a>
Tsuga canadensis - Betula alleghaniensis / Veratrum viride - Carex scabrata - Oclomena acuminata Forest	High-Elevation Hemlock - Yellow Birch Seepage Swamp	G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL008533</a>
Tsuga canadensis / Rhododendron maximum / Sphagnum spp. Forest	Eastern Hemlock - Great Laurel Swamp	G4?	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006279</a>
Larix laricina / Photinia melanocarpa / Sphagnum spp. Forest	Southern Tamarack Poor Swamp	G4?	S1	<a href="#">CEGL002472</a>
Acer rubrum - Nyssa sylvatica High Allegheny Plateau, Central Appalachian Forest	Central Appalachian Forested Acidic Seep	GNR	S3?	<a href="#">CEGL006132</a>

### Montane - Piedmont Acidic Seepage Swamp

Acer rubrum - Nyssa sylvatica / Ilex verticillata - Vaccinium fuscatum / Osmunda cinnamomea Forest	Central Appalachian Acidic Seepage Swamp	G2	S2	<a href="#">CEGL007853</a>
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### Montane - Piedmont Basic Seepage Swamp

Fraxinus nigra - Liriodendron tulipifera - Acer rubrum / Caltha palustris - Carex bromoides Forest	Central Appalachian Basic Seepage Swamp	G3	S3	<a href="#">CEGL008416</a>
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### Coastal Plain - Piedmont Acidic Seepage Swamp

Acer rubrum - Nyssa sylvatica - Magnolia virginiana Forest	Southern Red Maple - Blackgum Swamp Forest	G3?	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006238</a>
Pinus rigida - Nyssa sylvatica / Clethra alnifolia - Leucothoe racemosa Forest	Pine Barrens Lowland Forest	G2G3	S2?	<a href="#">CEGL006926</a>

### Coastal Plain - Piedmont Basic Seepage Swamp

Acer rubrum - Fraxinus (pennsylvanica, americana) / Lindera benzoin / Symplocarpus foetidus Forest	Southern New England / Northern Piedmont Red Maple Seepage Swamp	G4G5	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006406</a>
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### Coastal Plain - Piedmont Acidic Seepage Bog/Fen

Nyssa sylvatica - Magnolia virginiana - (Pinus rigida) / Rhododendron viscosum - Toxicodendron vernix / Smilax pseudochina Woodland	Fall-line Terrace Gravel Magnolia Bog	G1	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006219</a>
Cladium mariscoides - Dichanthelium scabriusculum - Eriocaulon (compressum, decangulare) - Sarracenia purpurea Herbaceous Vegetation [PROVISIONAL]	Delmarva Poor Fen	GNR	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006467(x)</a>
Alnus serrulata - Magnolia virginiana / Andropogon glomeratus - Eupatorium pilosum - Rhynchospora gracilenta - Xyris torta Shrubland	Coastal Plain Acidic Seepage Swale	GNR	S2?	<a href="#">CEGL006499</a>
Chamaedaphne calyculata - Vaccinium macrocarpon / Rhynchospora alba / Sphagnum spp. Dwarf Shrubland [PROVISIONAL]	Coastal Plain Dwarf-Shrub Peatland	GNR	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006852</a>

### Montane Peatland

Eriophorum virginicum - (Carex folliculata) / Sphagnum spp. - Polytrichum spp. Herbaceous Vegetation	Cottongrass Bog	G3	S2S3	<a href="#">CEGL006570</a>
Picea rubens / Rhododendron maximum - Kalmia latifolia / Eriophorum virginicum / Sphagnum spp. Forest	Red Spruce Peat Swamp	G2G3	S1S2	<a href="#">CEGL006588</a>
Pinus rigida - Picea rubens / Viburnum nudum var. cassinoides / Sphagnum spp. Woodland	Pitch Pine Peat Swamp	G1G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006587</a>
Photinia (melanocarpa, pyrifolia) - Viburnum nudum var. cassinoides / Eriophorum virginicum / Sphagnum spp. Shrub Peatland	Chokeberry - Northern Wild Raisin Shrub Peatland	GNR	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006545</a>
Vaccinium oxycoccus - (Vaccinium macrocarpon) / Rhynchospora alba - Drosera rotundifolia / Sphagnum spp. Dwarf-shrubland	Cranberry - Beakrush Peatland	G2	S2	<a href="#">CEGL007856</a>
Carex canescens - Eriophorum virginicum / Sphagnum spp. Herbaceous Vegetation	Silvery Sedge Fen	GNR	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006549</a>

Dulichium arundinaceum - Carex folliculata - Juncus spp. Herbaceous Vegetation	Threeway Sedge Basin Marsh	GNR	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006552</a>
Carex buxbaumii Herbaceous Vegetation [PROVISIONAL]	Buxbaum's Sedge Fen	GNR	S1	n/a

### Montane - Piedmont Wet Meadow/Fen

Carex lacustris Herbaceous Vegetation	Lake Sedge Fen	G4G5	S1	<a href="#">CEGL002256</a>
Carex utriculata Herbaceous Vegetation	Beaked Sedge Fen	G4G5	S3?	<a href="#">CEGL002257</a>
Juncus effusus Seasonally Flooded Herbaceous Vegetation	Common Rush Marsh	G5	S5	<a href="#">CEGL004112</a>
Calamagrostis canadensis Herbaceous Vegetation	Bluejoint Grass Wet Meadow	G4G5	S4S5	<a href="#">CEGL005448</a>
Carex stricta Herbaceous Vegetation	Eastern Upright Sedge Meadow	G4G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006412</a>
Alnus serrulata Swamp Shrubland	Smooth Alder Shrub Swamp	G4G5	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL005082</a>
Alnus incana ssp. rugosa Shrub Swamp	Speckled Alder Shrub Swamp	G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL002381</a>
Alnus incana ssp. rugosa – Viburnum recognitum / Calamagrostis canadensis Shrubland	Gray Alder - Arrow- wood / Bluejoint Shrub Swamp	GNR	S3?	<a href="#">CEGL006546</a>
Dichanthelium dichotomum - Andropogon gerardii - Schizachyrium scoparium - Sorghastrum nutans - Polygonum sagittatum Herbaceous Vegetation [PROVISIONAL]	Northern Piedmont Wet Prairie	GNR	S1	n/a
Deschampsia cespitosa - Eleocharis tenuis - Dichanthelium clandestinum Herbaceous Vegetation [PROVISIONAL]	Wet Ultramafic Prairie	GNR	S1	n/a
Leersia oryzoides Herbaceous Vegetation	Central Appalachian Cutgrass Marsh	GNR	S4S5	<a href="#">CEGL006461</a>
Scirpus cyperinus Seasonally Flooded Herbaceous Vegetation	Woolgrass Wet Marsh	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006349</a>

### Montane - Piedmont Seep

Chrysosplenium americanum Herbaceous Vegetation	Golden-saxifrage Forested Seep	G3G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006193</a>
Cinna arundinacea - Glyceria melicaria - Impatiens capensis Herbaceous Vegetation [PROVISIONAL]	Mafic Seep	GNR	S5	n/a
Caltha palustris - Impatiens pallida - Viola cucullata Herbaceous Vegetation [PROVISIONAL]	Central Appalachian Woodland Seep	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006298</a>

### Upland Depression Swamp

Quercus palustris - Quercus bicolor / Viburnum prunifolium / Leersia virginica - Impatiens capensis Forest	Piedmont Pin Oak - Swamp White Oak Seasonal Pond	G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL004643</a>
Quercus phellos / Carex (albolutescens, intumescens, joorii) / Climaciump americanum Forest	Piedmont Upland Depression Willow Oak Swamp Forest	G2G3	S1	<a href="#">CEGL007403</a>
Quercus palustris - (Quercus bicolor) - Acer rubrum / Vaccinium corymbosum / Osmunda cinnamomea Forest	Northeastern Pin Oak - Swamp White Oak Forest	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006240</a>

Liquidambar styraciflua - Acer rubrum - Quercus phellos / Leucothoe racemosa Forest	Coastal Plain Red Maple - Sweetgum Swamp	G3	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006110</a>
Liquidambar styraciflua - Acer rubrum - Nyssa biflora / Carex joorii Forest	Central Coastal Plain Basin Swamp	G1G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006223</a>

### Coastal Plain Non-Riverine Hardwood Swamp

Quercus (phellos, pagoda, michauxii) / Ilex opaca - Clethra alnifolia / Woodwardia areolata Forest	Chesapeake Bay Nonriverine Wet Hardwood Forest	G2?	S1	<a href="#">CEGL004644</a>
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### Atlantic White Cedar Swamp

Chamaecyparis thyoides / Persea palustris - Clethra alnifolia Forest	Peatland Atlantic White-cedar Forest	G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006146</a>
Chamaecyparis thyoides - Acer rubrum - Magnolia virginiana Forest	Coastal Plain Atlantic White-cedar - Red Maple Swamp	GNR	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006078</a>

### Delmarva Bay

Woodwardia virginica / Sphagnum cuspidatum Herbaceous Vegetation	Chainfern Small Depression Pond	G2?	S1	<a href="#">CEGL004475</a>
Rhexia virginica - Panicum verrucosum Herbaceous Vegetation	Coastal Plain Muck Pondshore	G2G3	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006264</a>
Cephalanthus occidentalis / Polygonum hydropiperoides - Panicum verrucosum Shrubland	Buttonbush Coastal Plain Pond	G3?	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006242</a>
Saccharum giganteum - (Dichanthelium spretum, Panicum verrucosum) Herbaceous Vegetation	Delmarva Bay Tall Grassland	G1G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006609</a>
Panicum hemitomon - Panicum verrucosum Herbaceous Vegetation	Panicgrass Pondshore	GNR	S2	<a href="#">CEGL006338</a>
Carex striata var. brevis Herbaceous Vegetation	Northern Peatland Sedge Coastal Plain Pond	G3G4	S2S3	<a href="#">CEGL004120</a>

## NON-TIDAL MARITIME WETLANDS

### Interdunal Swale

Morella cerifera - Vaccinium corymbosum Shrubland	Barrier Island Bog	G2G4	SU	<a href="#">CEGL003906</a>
Juncus (dichotomus, scirpoides) - Drosera intermedia Herbaceous Vegetation	Forked Rush Dune Swale	G2G3	S1	<a href="#">CEGL004111</a>
Schoenoplectus pungens - Fimbristylis (castanea, caroliniana) Herbaceous Vegetation	Interdunal Swale	G1G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL004117</a>
(Morella cerifera) - Panicum virgatum - Spartina patens Herbaceous Vegetation	Interdune Switchgrass Brackish Depression	G2G4	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL004129</a>
Morella cerifera / Spartina patens Shrubland	Atlantic Coast Interdune Swale	G3G4	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL003839</a>

## Maritime Swamp

Morella cerifera / Hydrocotyle verticillata Shrubland	Wax-myrtle Shrub Swamp	G2G3	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL003840</a>
Pinus taeda / Morella cerifera / Osmunda regalis var. spectabilis Forest	Coastal Loblolly Pine Wetland Forest	G3	S2S3	<a href="#">CEGL006137</a>

## Sea-Level Fen

Cladium mariscoides - Drosera intermedia - Eleocharis rostellata Herbaceous Vegetation	Sea Level Fen	G1	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006310</a>
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# ESTUARINE SYSTEM

## TIDAL WETLANDS

### Intertidal Shore

<i>Sagittaria subulata</i> - <i>Limosella australis</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	North Atlantic Coastal Plain River Brackish Intertidal Mudflat	G2G4	S1	<a href="#">CEGL004473</a>
<i>Eriocaulon parkeri</i> - <i>Polygonum punctatum</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	Estuary Pipewort Freshwater Intertidal Flat	G2	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006352</a>
<i>Schoenoplectus pungens</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Atlantic Coast Brackish Tidal Marsh	GNR	S1	<a href="#">CEGL004188</a>
<i>Isoetes riparia</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Shore Quillwort Tidal Flat	GNR	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006058</a>

### Tidal Freshwater / Oligohaline Aquatic Bed

<i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i> - <i>Vallisneria americana</i> - <i>Najas</i> spp. Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Mixed Freshwater Subtidal Community	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006048</a>
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### Tidal Freshwater Marsh and Shrubland

<i>Zizania aquatica</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Atlantic Coast Wild Rice Tidal Marsh	G4?	S4	<a href="#">CEGL004202</a>
<i>Nuphar lutea</i> ssp. <i>advena</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Broadleaf Pond-lily Tidal Marsh	G4G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL004472</a>
<i>Peltandra virginica</i> - <i>Pontederia cordata</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Pickerelweed Tidal Marsh	G3G4	S4	<a href="#">CEGL004706</a>
<i>Impatiens capensis</i> - <i>Peltandra virginica</i> - <i>Polygonum arifolium</i> - <i>Schoenoplectus fluviatilis</i> - <i>Typha angustifolia</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Freshwater Tidal Mixed High Marsh	GNR	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006325</a>
<i>Acorus calamus</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Sweetflag Tidal Marsh	GNR	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006833</a>
<i>Nelumbo lutea</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	American Lotus Tidal Marsh	GNR	SU	<a href="#">CEGL006913</a>
<i>Alnus maritima</i> / <i>Acorus calamus</i> Shrubland	Seaside Alder Tidal Shrubland	GNR	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006841</a>
<i>Alnus serrulata</i> - <i>Viburnum recognitum</i> / <i>Impatiens capensis</i> Tidal Shrubland	Smooth Alder Tidal Shrubland	GNR	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006843</a>
<i>Amorpha fruticosa</i> Tidal Shrubland	Desert False Indigo Tidal Shrubland	GNR	SU	<a href="#">CEGL006844</a>

### Tidal Hardwood Swamp

<i>Fraxinus (profunda, pennsylvanica)</i> - ( <i>Nyssa biflora</i> ) / <i>Polygonum arifolium</i> Woodland	Ash - Swamp Tupelo Freshwater Tidal Swamp	G3	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006287</a>
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### Tidal Bald Cypress Swamp

<i>Taxodium distichum</i> / <i>Carex hyalinolepis</i> Woodland	Bald-cypress / Shoreline Sedge Woodland	G2?	S1	<a href="#">CEGL004654</a>
<i>Taxodium distichum</i> - <i>Nyssa biflora</i> - <i>Fraxinus profunda</i> / <i>Peltandra virginica</i> - ( <i>Bignonia capreolata</i> ) Tidal Forest	Chesapeake Bay Tidal Cypress - Swamp Tupelo Swamp	G3	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006850</a>

### Tidal Oligohaline Marsh and Shrubland

<i>Eleocharis (fallax, rostellata)</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	Atlantic Coast Tidal Oligohaline Spikerush Marsh	G1G2	S2S3	<a href="#">CEGL004628</a>
<i>Carex hyalinolepis</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Shoreline Sedge Tidal Marsh	GNR	S1	<a href="#">CEGL006177</a>
<i>Spartina cynosuroides</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	Atlantic Big Cordgrass Marsh	G4	S4?	<a href="#">CEGL004195</a>
<i>Typha angustifolia</i> - <i>Hibiscus moscheutos</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	Cattail Brackish Tidal Marsh	G4G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL004201</a>
<i>Panicum virgatum</i> - <i>Spartina patens</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	Brackish Meadow	GNR	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006150</a>
<i>Hibiscus moscheutos</i> - <i>Polygonum punctatum</i> - <i>Peltandra virginica</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Oligohaline Mixed Forbs Tidal Marsh	GNR	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006181</a>
<i>Schoenoplectus americanus</i> - <i>Spartina patens</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	Transitional Tidal Marsh	GNR	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006612</a>
<i>Morella cerifera</i> - <i>Rosa palustris</i> / <i>Thelypteris palustris</i> var. <i>pubescens</i> Shrubland	Wax Myrtle - Swamp Rose Tidal Shrubland	G4	S3S4	<a href="#">CEGL004656</a>
<i>Morella cerifera</i> - <i>Baccharis halimifolia</i> / <i>Eleocharis fallax</i> Shrubland	Brackish Tidal Creek Shrubland	GNR	S3	<a href="#">CEGL006846</a>

### Tidal Mesohaline / Polyhaline Aquatic Bed

<i>Zostera marina</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	North Atlantic Seawrack Bed	G4G5	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL004336</a>
<i>Ruppia maritima</i> Acadian/Virginian Zone Temperate Herbaceous Vegetation	Northern Atlantic Coast Widgeongrass Bed	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006167</a>

### Tidal Mesohaline Marsh and Shrubland

<i>Juncus roemerianus</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	Needlerush High Marsh	G5	S5	<a href="#">CEGL004186</a>
<i>Spartina alterniflora</i> / ( <i>Ascophyllum nodosum</i> ) Acadian/Virginian Zone Herbaceous Vegetation	North Atlantic Low Salt Marsh	G5	S5	<a href="#">CEGL004192</a>
<i>Spartina patens</i> - <i>Distichlis spicata</i> - ( <i>Juncus roemerianus</i> ) Herbaceous Vegetation	Mid- and Southern Atlantic High Salt Marsh	G4G5	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL004197</a>
<i>Spartina alterniflora</i> - <i>Distichlis spicata</i> Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation [Provisional]	Mid-Atlantic Low Salt Marsh	GNR	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL006586</a>
<i>Baccharis halimifolia</i> - <i>Iva frutescens</i> / <i>Panicum virgatum</i> Shrubland	Irregularly Flooded Eastern Tidal Salt Shrub	G5	S5	<a href="#">CEGL003921</a>
<i>Iva frutescens</i> / <i>Spartina cynosuroides</i> Tidal Shrubland	Brackish Shrubland	GNR	S4	<a href="#">CEGL006847</a>
<i>Iva frutescens</i> / <i>Spartina patens</i> Shrubland	Eastern Tidal Salt Shrub	G5	S5	<a href="#">CEGL006848</a>

### Salt Pannes

<i>Salicornia (virginica, bigelovii, maritima)</i> - <i>Spartina alterniflora</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	Salt Panne (Salicornia Type)	G5	S4	<a href="#">CEGL004308</a>
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## RIVERINE SYSTEM

### Riverine Aquatic Bed

Vallisneria americana - ( <i>Heteranthera dubia</i> ) Riverine Herbaceous Vegetation	Eel-grass River Channel	G3G4	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL004333</a>
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## MARINE SYSTEM

### MARINE INTERTIDAL

#### Coastal Beach

Cakile edentula ssp. edentula - Chamaesyce polygonifolia Sparse Vegetation	North Atlantic Upper Ocean Beach	G4G5	S3	<a href="#">CEGL004400</a>
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## SUCCESSIONAL / MODIFIED VEGETATION

### Successional / Modified Terrestrial Forest

Pinus virginiana Successional Forest	Successional Virginia Pine Forest	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL002591</a>
Pinus taeda / Liquidambar styraciflora - Acer rubrum var. rubrum / Vaccinium stamineum Forest	Early- to Mid-Successional Loblolly Pine Forest	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL006011</a>
Pinus taeda - Liquidambar styraciflora Semi-natural Forest	Mid- to Late-Successional Loblolly Pine - Sweetgum Forest	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL008462</a>
Pinus taeda - Quercus (alba, falcata, stellata) Successional Coastal Plain Forest [Provisional]	Loblolly Pine - (White Oak, Southern Red Oak, Post Oak) Successional Coastal Plain Forest	GNR	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL004766</a>
Pinus taeda Planted Forest	Loblolly Pine Plantation	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL007179</a>
Pinus virginiana / Quercus marilandica Forest	Virginia Pine / Blackjack Oak Serpentine Forest	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL006266</a>
Prunus serotina - Liriodendron tulipifera - Acer rubrum - Fraxinus americana - (Robinia pseudoacacia) Forest	Successional / Modified Mixed Hardwood Forest	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL006599</a>
Liriodendron tulipifera / (Cercis canadensis) / (Lindera benzoin) Forest	Successional Tuliptree Forest (Rich Type)	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL007220</a>
Robinia pseudoacacia Successional Forest	Successional Black Locust Forest	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL007279</a>
Juglans nigra / Verbesina alternifolia Forest	Successional Black Walnut Forest	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL007879</a>
Pinus strobus Successional Forest	Successional White Pine Forest	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL007944</a>
Betula lenta - Acer rubrum / Spinulum annotinum - Dennstaedtia punctilobula Forest	Successional Sweet Birch / Clubmoss Northern Hardwood Forest	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL008503</a>

### Successional / Modified Terrestrial Shrubland

Pueraria montana Vine-Shrubland	Kudzu Vine-shrubland	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL003882</a>
Rubus allegheniensis - Rubus canadensis / Carex pensylvanica Shrubland	Successional Blackberry Shrubland	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL003892</a>

### Successional / Modified Terrestrial Herbaceous Vegetation

Andropogon virginicus Herbaceous Vegetation	Successional Broomsedge Grassland	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL004044</a>
Danthonia spicata - Solidago rugosa Herbaceous Vegetation	Successional Central Appalachian Montane Grassland	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL004760</a>
Lolium (arundinaceum, pratense) Ruderal Herbaceous Vegetation	Cultivated Meadow	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL004048</a>

### Successional / Modified Palustrine Forest

Betula nigra - Acer rubrum - (Liquidambar styraciflua, Platanus occidentalis) Forest	Successional Coastal Plain / Piedmont Floodplain Forest (River Birch - Red Maple Type)	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL006976</a>
Acer rubrum - (Nyssa biflora) / Coastal Sweet-pepperbush - (Swamp Bay) Forest	Red Maple - (Swamp Tupelo) / Coastal Sweet-pepperbush - (Swamp Bay) Forest	GNA	SNR	<a href="#">CEGL007445</a>
Acer rubrum - (Liquidambar styraciflua - Nyssa sylvatica) / Clethra alnifolia Successional Forest [Provisional]	Red Maple - Gum Successional Swamp Forest	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL006832</a>

### Successional / Modified Palustrine Shrubland

Hypericum densiflorum / Rubus hispida / Sphagnum spp. Shrub Swamp	Successional Bushy St. Johns-wort Shrub Swamp	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL006464</a>
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### Successional / Modified Estuarine Forest

Pinus taeda / Morella cerifera / Spartina patens Tidal Woodland	Loblolly Pine / Wax-myrtle / Saltmeadow Cordgrass Tidal Woodland	GNR	S5	<a href="#">CEGL006849</a>
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### Successional / Modified Estuarine Herbaceous Vegetation

Phragmites australis ssp. australis Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	Common Reed Modified Tidal Marsh	GNA	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL004187</a>
Nelumbo lutea Tidal Herbaceous Vegetation	American Lotus Tidal Marsh	GNR	SNA	<a href="#">CEGL006913</a>

## Appendix I. State and Global Conservation Status Ranks

The following are definitions of state and global conservation status ranks developed by NatureServe and network of Natural Heritage Programs for all plants, animals and ecological communities. Based on range-wide data collected by Natural Heritage Programs, these ranks are critical in setting conservation priorities at both the state and regional levels. Conservation status ranks are assigned on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being critically imperiled and in risk of extirpation and 5 representing little to no risk of extirpation. The primary factors influencing ranks are the number of known distinct occurrences with consideration given to the total number of individuals (species) or area (ecological communities) occupied. Additional factors considered include the current level of protection, the types and degree of threats, geographic range, and viability of the occurrence.

Information regarding NatureServe's Conservation Status Assessment standards and methods may be found at: (<http://www.natureserve.org/conservation-tools/conservation-status-assessment>)

### Global Conservation Status Ranks and Definitions

- |           |  |
|-----------|--|
| <b>GX</b> | <b>Presumed Extirpated</b> - Eliminated throughout its range, with no restoration potential due to extinction of dominant or characteristic taxa and or elimination of the sites and ecological processes on which the type depends. |
| <b>GH</b> | <b>Possibly Extinct (Historical)</b> - Presumed eliminated throughout its range, with no, or virtually no, likelihood that it will be rediscovered, but with potential for restoration (e.g., American Chestnut Forest).             |
| <b>G1</b> | <b>Critically Imperiled</b> - At very high risk of extinction due to extreme rarity (often 5 or fewer populations), very steep declines, or other factors.   |
| <b>G2</b> | <b>Imperiled</b> - At high risk of extinction due to very restricted range, very few populations (often 20 or fewer), steep declines, or other factors.  |
| <b>G3</b> | <b>Vulnerable</b> - Rare or uncommon. At moderate risk of extinction or elimination due to a restricted range, relatively few occurrences, recent and widespread declines, or other factors.   |
| <b>G4</b> | <b>Apparently Secure</b> - Uncommon but not rare. Apparently secure, but with cause for long-term concern.   |
| <b>G5</b> | <b>Secure</b> - Demonstrably widespread, abundant, and secure. Common, widespread, and abundant, although it may be quite rare in parts of its range, especially at the periphery; not vulnerable in most of its range.              |

GNA	<b>Not Applicable</b> - A global conservation status rank is not applicable because the species is not a suitable target for conservation activities. A global conservation status rank may be not applicable for several reasons, related to its relevance as a conservation target. In such cases, typically the species is a hybrid without conservation value, of domestic origin, or the ecosystem is non-native, for example, ruderal vegetation, a plantation, agricultural field, or developed vegetation (lawns, gardens etc).
GNR	<b>Not Ranked</b> – Global status has not yet been assessed.
GU	<b>Unrankable</b> - Possibly in peril range-wide, but its status is uncertain; more information is needed.
G#G#	<b>Range Rank</b> - The actual rank of the element is within the range specified by the numbers; however, the exact status of the rarity of the element is uncertain. For example, G2G3 indicates that the rank may be either G2 or G3.
?	<b>Inexact or Uncertain</b> - A question mark added to a rank expresses an uncertainty about the rank in the range of 1 in either way on the 1-5 scale; for example, a G2? rank indicates that the rank is thought to be G2, but could be G1 or G3.

## State Conservation Status Ranks and Definitions

SX	<b>Extirpated</b> - Species or community type is believed to be extirpated from Maryland. Not located despite intensive searches of historical sites and other appropriate habitat, and virtually no likelihood that it will be rediscovered.
SH	<b>Historical</b> - Possibly extirpated. Historically known from Maryland, but not verified for an extended period (usually 20 or more years), with the expectation that it may be rediscovered.
S1	<b>Critically Imperiled</b> - Critically imperiled in the state because of extreme rarity or because of some factor(s) making it especially vulnerable to extirpation from the state; generally with 5 or fewer occurrences state-wide, and/or covering less than 50 ha (124 ac) in aggregate; or covering a larger area but highly threatened with destruction or modification. Species and community types with this rank are considered highly state rare and are actively tracked by the Natural Heritage Program.
S2	<b>Imperiled</b> - Imperiled in the state because of rarity or because of some factor(s) making it very vulnerable to extirpation from the state. Generally with 6–20 occurrences state-wide, and/or covering less than 250 ha (618 ac) in aggregate; or covering a larger area but threatened with destruction or modification. Species and community types with this rank are considered state rare and are actively tracked by the Natural Heritage Program.

S3	<b>Vulnerable</b> - Vulnerable in the state either because rare and uncommon, or found only in a restricted range (even if abundant at some locations), or because of other factors making it vulnerable to extirpation. Generally with 21–100 occurrences state-wide; or with a larger number of occurrences subject to relatively high levels of threat; may be of relatively frequent occurrence in specific localities or geographic parts of the state. Species or Community Types with this rank are considered “watchlist” and are not actively tracked by the Natural Heritage Program.
S4	<b>Apparently Secure</b> - Uncommon but not rare, and usually widespread in the state. Some cause for longterm concern due to declines or other factors.
S5	<b>Secure</b> – Common, widespread, abundant, and secure in the state, and essentially ineradicable under present conditions.
SNA	<b>Not Applicable</b> - A conservation status rank is not applicable because the species or community type is not a suitable target for conservation activities. Examples include community types of cultural, ruderal, planted, modified, managed, invasive, and/or non natural vegetation.
SNR	<b>Not ranked</b> – State status has not yet been assessed.
SU	<b>Unrankable</b> - Possibly in peril range-wide, but its status is uncertain; more information is needed.
S#S#	<b>Range Rank</b> - The actual rank of the element is within the range specified by the numbers; however, the exact status of the rarity of the element is uncertain. For example, S2S3 indicates that the rank may be either S2 or S3.
?	<b>Inexact or Uncertain</b> - A question mark added to a rank expresses an uncertainty about the rank in the range of 1 in either way on the 1-5 scale; for example, a S2? rank indicates that the rank is thought to be S2, but could be S1 or S3.

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