

Maryland Envirothon Aquatic Ecology

2018

Prepared by Stacy Epperson

MD-DNR

Format of state test

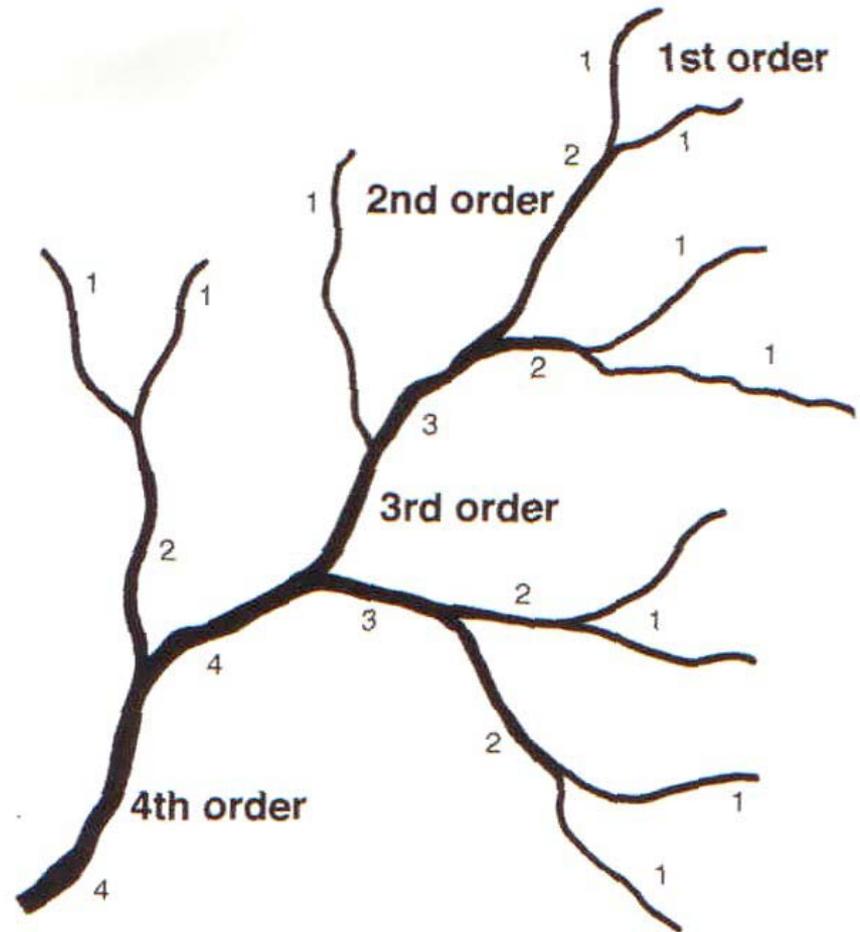
- Four categories:
 - Abiotic
 - Biotic
 - Aquatic Environments
 - Water Protection and Conservation
 - 5th topic woven inside all of these.

- Test Questions:

Fill in the blank most common; multiple choice, matching (no true/false)

Abiotic

- Stream orders



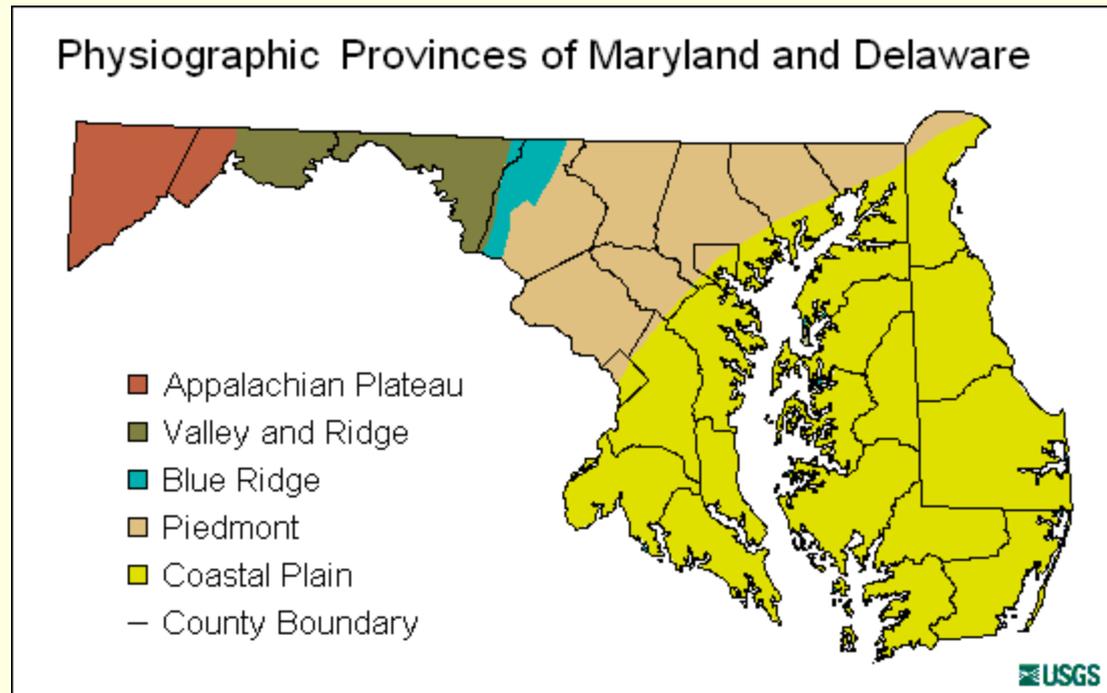


Abiotic

- Stream runoff is affected by
 - Shape of watershed (affects rate)
 - Slope (affects rate)
 - Land use: vegetation and development (affects rate and amount)
 - Land geology and soils (affects amount)

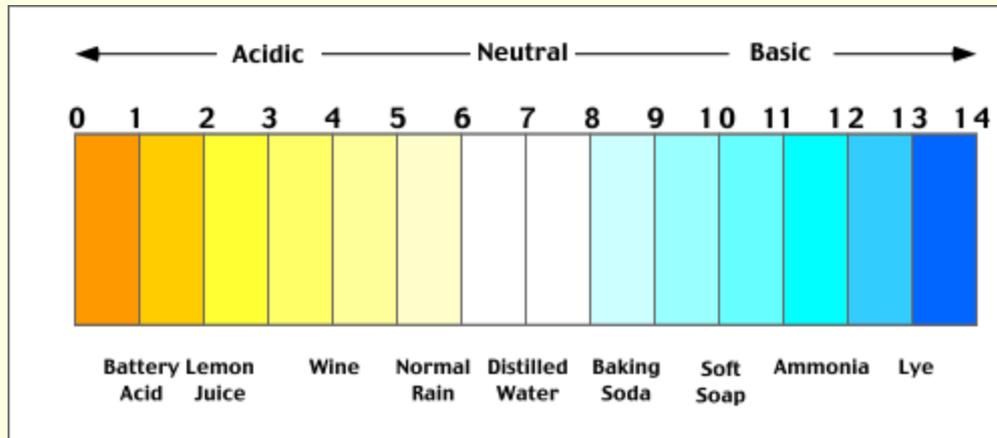
Abiotic

- Physiographic provinces
 - Appalachian Plateau
 - Ridge and Valley
 - Blue Ridge
 - Piedmont
 - Coastal Plain



Abiotic

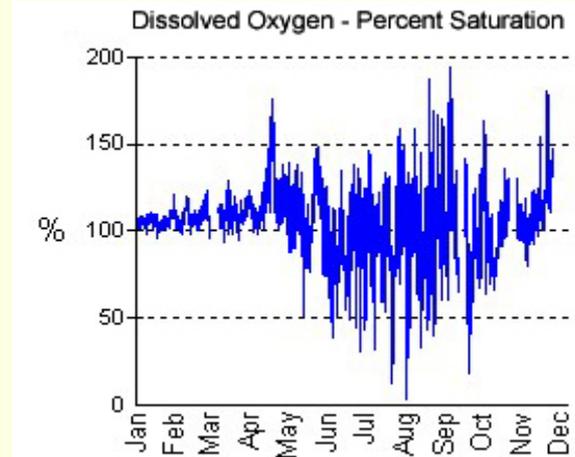
- The lower the pH, the more acidic the substance.



- Since the beginning of the Industrial Revolution, the pH of surface ocean waters has fallen by 0.1 pH units. Since the pH scale, like the Richter scale, is logarithmic, **this change represents approximately a 30 percent increase in acidity.**

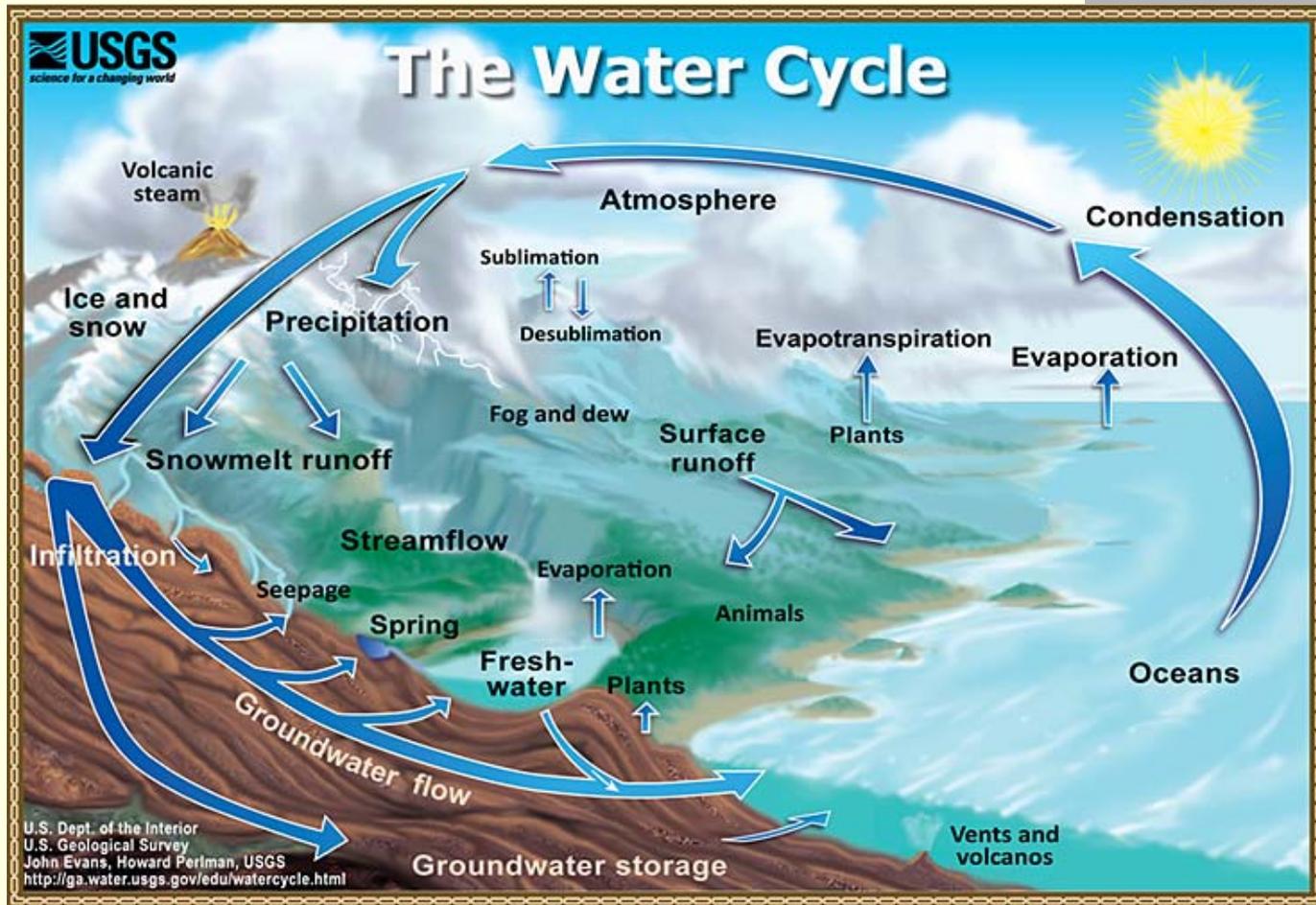
Abiotic

- Temperature, Salinity, Oxygen Relationship
 - Cold water holds more oxygen than warm water.
 - Fresh water holds more oxygen than saline water.
 - Cold fresh water +++oxygen
 - Warm saline water---- oxygen
 - Warm fresh water
vs cold saline water?



What about freshwater?

Freshwater storage: Freshwater existing on the Earth's surface



<https://water.usgs.gov/edu/watercyclesummary.html>

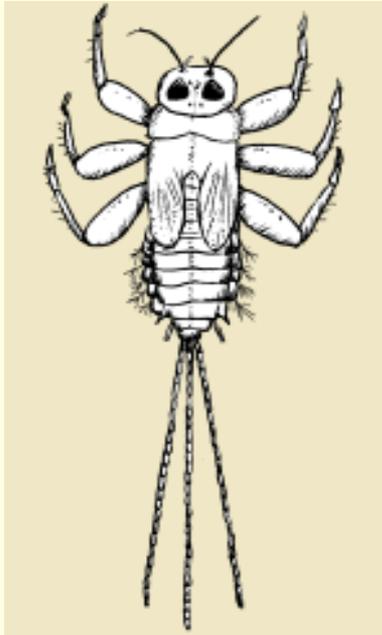


Biotic

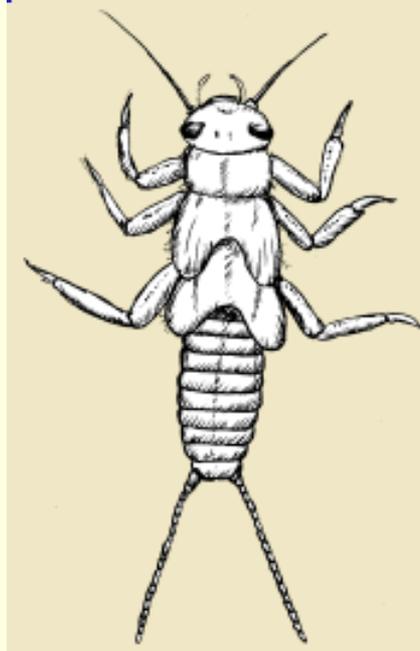
■ Macroinvertebrates

- Sensitivity to pollutants-3 levels
- Dichotomous Key to Family level:
 - Number and length of tails; location of gills; wing buds; thickness, shape, and length of body
- Stonefly, Mayfly, Caddis fly, Water penny, Gilled Snail, Alderfly, Crane Fly, Damselfly, Dragonfly, Scud, Black Fly

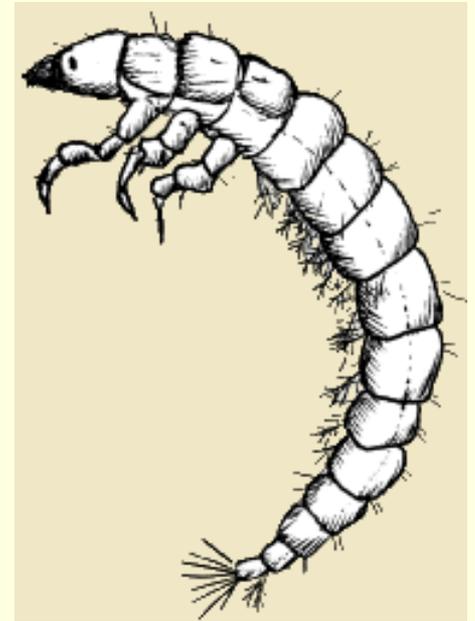
Biotic



Mayfly: Order
Ephemeroptera



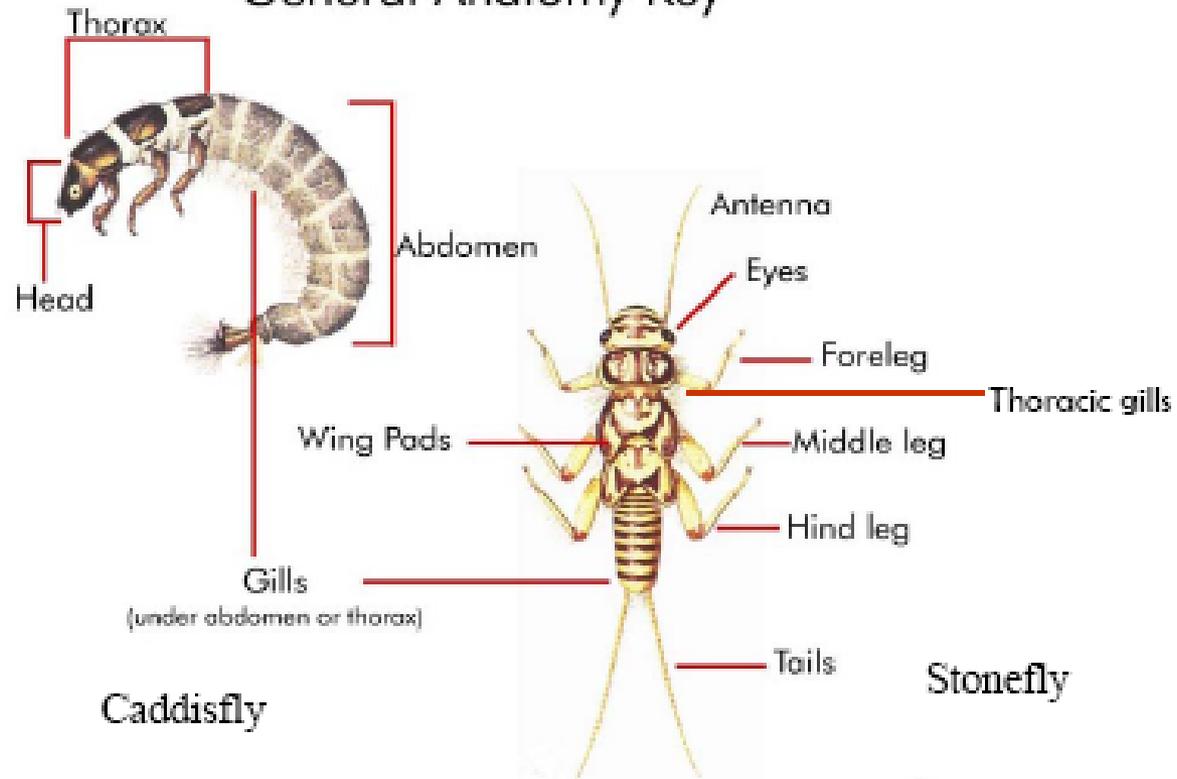
Stonefly:
Order
Plecoptera



Caddisfly:
Order
Trichoptera

Biotic

Stream Macroinvertebrate General Anatomy Key



Biotic

■ Invasive Species

- Difference between non-native and non-native invasive
- Introduction method
- Effect
- Control methods

<http://www.invasivespeciesinfo.gov/aquatics/main.shtml>

http://www.mdinvasivesp.org/list_aquatic_plants.html

<http://www.mdinvasivesp.org/>

Biotic

Common Aquatic Invasive Species

- Zebra Mussel
- Hydrilla
- Nutria
- Grass Carp
- Didymo
- Water lettuce
- Phragmites
- Rusty Crayfish
- Chinese Mitten Crab



Biotic

- Submerged Aquatic Vegetation
 - Value
 - Invasives: Water lettuce (free floating) and hydrilla

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lgQoat0p52k>

(Hydrilla at Deep Creek Lake)

Biotic



■ Freshwater Fish ID

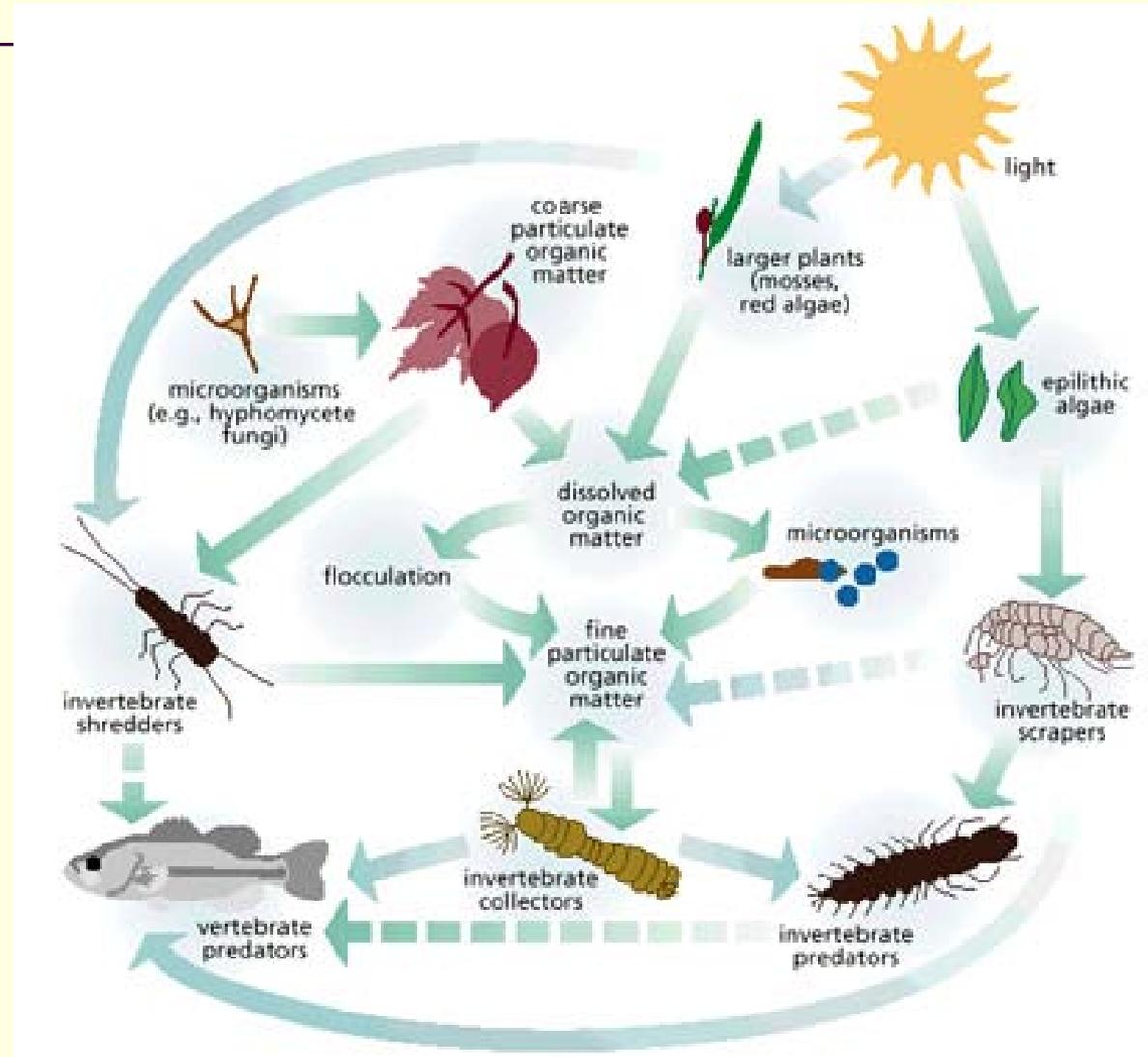
- Eel, catfish, shad, shiner, minnow, dace, chub, killifish, perch, silverside, sculpin, sunfish, bass, darter, trout, sucker

■ Invasive fish (fresh and brackish)

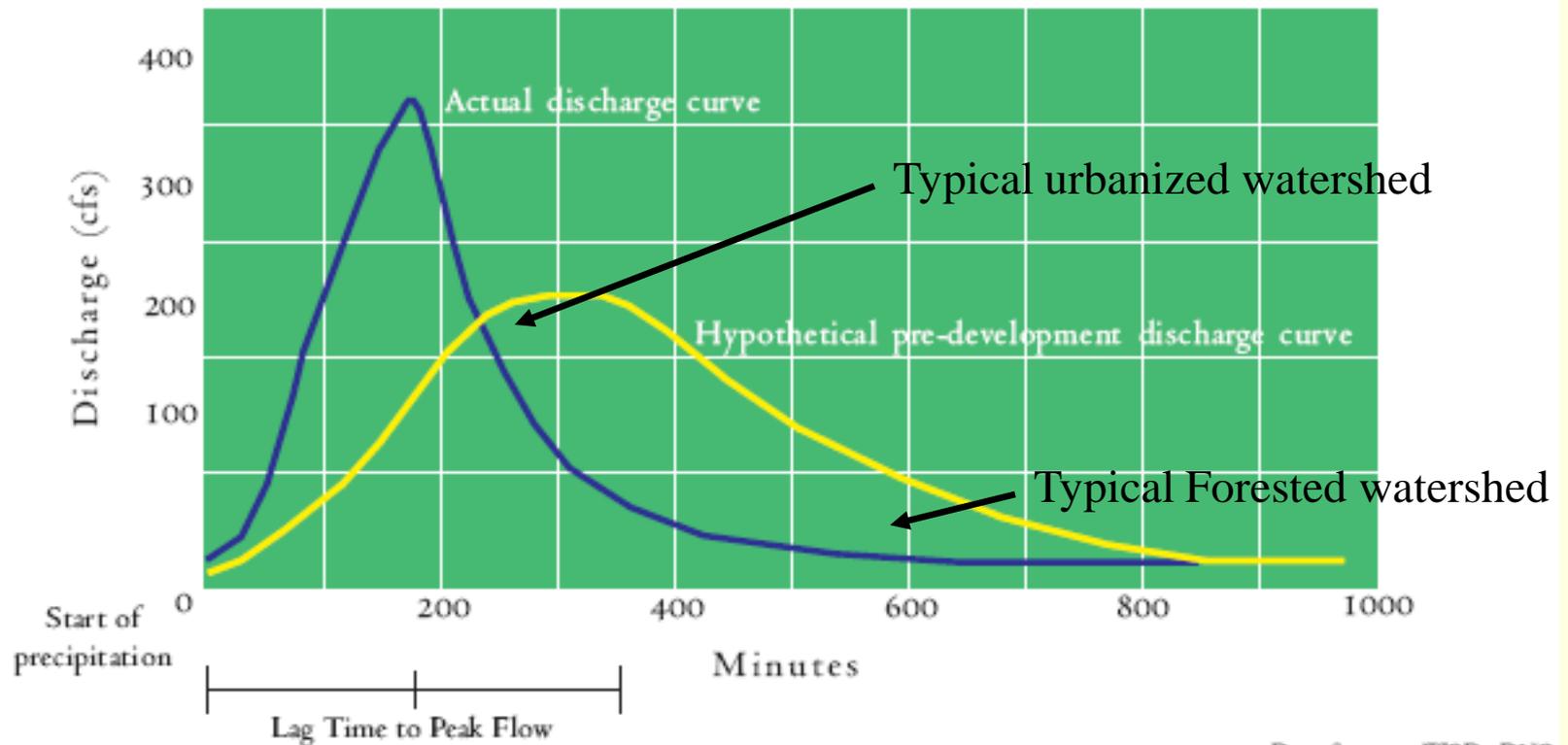
- Blue and Flathead Catfish
- Northern Snakehead
- Carp: Black, Silver, Grass, and Bighead
(no native carp)

Biotic

Food web and trophic levels



Aquatic Environment



Data Source: WRD, DNR

Water Protection and Conservation

- Benefits of Using Cover Crops
 - Reduce erosion
 - Increase water retention
 - Reduce weeds and pests
 - Use excess soil nutrients
 - Reduce leaching of nutrients into water

Water Protection and Conservation

- Conservation Choices for Maryland Farmers
 - Reduce Erosion
 - Cover Crops
 - Critical Area Planting
 - Pasture Planting
 - Riparian Buffers
 - Grassed Waterways
 - Diversion
 - Livestock Fencing
 - Etc....

http://mda.maryland.gov/resource_conservation/counties/ConservationChoices_2012_FINAL%20%281%29.pdf



Water Protection and Conservation

- TMDL's
- EPA 2010 established TMDL for Chesapeake Bay
- 6 states and a district
- TMDL
 - Total Maximum Daily Load
 - Nitrates, Phosphorus, Sediment
- All measures in place by 2025

Water Protection and Conservation

■ Water Use

- Average Maryland citizen uses 100 gallons of water per day.
- U.S. uses 355,000 million gallons per day (2010).
- Water use going down even as population goes up.
- Four states use $\frac{1}{4}$ of all US withdrawals.

