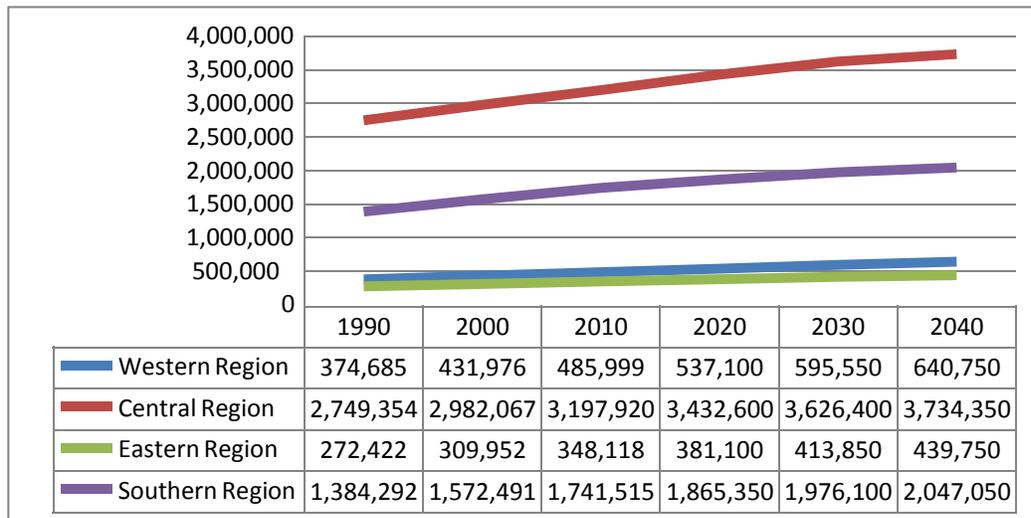


Figure 15: 2010 State of Maryland Regional Population Growth Projections



Source: Maryland Department of Planning

Key Demographic Facts by Region

Western Region

- Frederick County has the largest population in the Western Region with over 233,000 people, according to the 2010 U.S. Census.
- Allegany County is the only county in this region which has been losing population every decade since the 1970 U.S. Census.
- Garrett County has the lowest population in the Western Region – a little over 30,000 residents.
- The median income in three of the four counties in the Western Region is less than the median income of Maryland (\$70,075). Only Frederick County’s median income at \$77,872 is higher than the Maryland median income.
- With the exception of Garrett County, all of the counties in the Western Region have a net migration gain. Most of the net migration gains in Frederick County are from Montgomery County.

Central Region

- Montgomery County’s population (971,700) is the largest among all jurisdictions in Maryland. Three of the top five most populous jurisdictions are in the Central Region.
- Baltimore City is the only jurisdiction in this region that has been losing population every decade since the 1970 U.S. Census.
- Howard County has the highest median income among all the jurisdictions in Maryland, followed by Montgomery County – both of which are in the Central Region.
- Baltimore City has the second lowest median income among all of the jurisdictions in the State.
- According to the 2006 – 2010 American Community Survey, Baltimore County has the highest net-migration – around 13,700, most of which is from Baltimore City. Montgomery County has the second highest net migration around 5,100 with most of the in-migration from Prince George’s County.
- Baltimore City has the largest decline in net migration among all of the jurisdictions with a drop of 10,233.
- Overall, the Central Region has a net migration of 7,633.