

## **Project WET Environmental Literacy Correlations**

### **Adventures in Density (Middle School)**

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

### **A-Mazing Water (Lower Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School)**

Grades K-2

- 1.A.1; 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 7.A.1; 7.B.1; 7.D.1; 7.E.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 – Recognize and describe that the activities of individuals or groups of individuals can affect the environment.
- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how Earth's natural resources (water) are used to meet human needs.
- 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1; 7.E.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize that caring for the environment is an important human activity.

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 5.B.1 – Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.
- 1.A.1; 6.C.1 – Explain how the growth of communities and suburbs have had consequences on the environment.
- 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 6.B.1; 7.E.1 – Recognize and describe that consequences may occur when Earth's natural resources are used.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1 – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.
- 7.F.1 – Examine how technology affects the way people live, work, and play.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe a local, regional, or global environmental issue.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 1.B.1 – Identify and describe that ecosystems can be impacted by human activities.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

### **Aqua Bodies (Lower Elementary, Upper Elementary)**

Grades K-2

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2 - Raise questions about the world around them and be willing to seek answers to some of them by making careful observations and trying things out.
- 1.A.1; 5.B.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1 – Recognize and explain how Earth's natural resources (water) are used to meet human needs.
- 1.A.4; 1.A.5 – Seek information through reading, observation, exploration, and investigations.
- 3.A.1; 4.A.1 - Develop an awareness of the relationship of features of living things and their ability to satisfy basic needs that support their growth and survival.

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 5.B.1 – Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.
- 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.D.1 – Explain ways that individuals and groups of organisms interact with each other and their environment (available water).
- 4.E.1 – Explain the idea that in any particular environment, some kinds of plants and animals survive well, some less well, and some cannot survive at all .

### **Aqua Notes** (Lower Elementary, Upper Elementary)

#### Grades K-2

- 1.A.1; 5.B.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1 – Recognize and explain how Earth’s natural resources (water) are used to meet human needs.

#### Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 5.B.1 – Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.

### **Back to the Future** (Middle School, High School)

#### Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe a local, regional, or global environmental issue.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 1.A.4 – Interpret tables and graphs produced by others and describe in words the relationships they show.
- 1.B.1; 1.B.2 – Propose and justify solutions to social studies problems.
- 6.B.1 – Describe ways people modify their environment to meet their needs, such as cultivating land, building roads, etc.
- 7.D.1 – Explain how regional population patterns, trends, and projections affect the environment and influence government policies.
- 8.A.1 – Identify and explain land use issues that illustrate the conflict between economic growth and using the environment.

#### Grades 9-12

- 1.A.1; 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – The student will recognize that real problems have more than one solution and decisions to accept one solution over another are made on the basis of many issues.
- 1.A.1; 6.B.1; 7.B.1; 7.E.1 – Evaluate how the principles of economic costs, benefits, and opportunity cost are used to address public policy issues, such as environmental concerns.
- 1.A.5 – The student will analyze data to make predictions, decisions, or draw conclusions.
- 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 5.A.1; 6.A.1; 7.A.1 – The student will investigate how natural and man-made changes in environmental conditions will affect individual organisms...
- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.

### **Branching Out!** (Middle School)

#### Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

### **Capture, Store, and Release** (Upper Elementary)

#### Grades 3-5

- 2.B.2; 4.D.1 – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.

### **The CEO** (High School)

#### Grades 9-12

- 1.A.1; 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – The student will recognize that real problems have more than one solution and decisions to accept one solution over another are made on the basis of many issues.
- 1.A.1; 6.B.1; 7.B.1; 7.E.1 – Evaluate how the principles of economic costs, benefits, and opportunity cost are used to address public policy issues, such as... environmental concerns.

### **Cold Cash in the Icebox** (Lower Elementary, Upper Elementary)

#### Grades K-2

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2 - Raise questions about the world around them and be willing to seek answers to some of them by making careful observations and trying things out.
- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how Earth's natural resources (water) are used to meet human needs.
- 7.F.1 – Begin to be aware of technology and how it affects daily life.
- 7.F.1 – Describe how tools and products have affected the way people live, work, or play.

#### Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations, which include...observing what things are like and doing experiments.
- 7.F.1 – Examine how technology affects the way people live, work, and play
- 7.F.1 – Identify factors that must be considered in any technological design.

### **Color Me a Watershed** (High School)

#### Grades 9-12

- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.
- **Wrap Up and Action**
  - 1.A.1; 4.C.1 – The student will evaluate the role of government in addressing land use and other environmental issues.
  - 7.A.1; 7.C.1; 8.D.1– Evaluate the effect that ...regional interests have on shaping environmental policy, such as logging forested areas.
  - 7.B.1; 8.C.1 – The student will evaluate the role of government in addressing land use and other environmental issues.
  - 7.C.1; 8.B.1 – Evaluate the way...local governments develop policy to address land use issues, such as urban sprawl, Smart Growth.
  - 8.A.1; 8.E.1 – Analyze the role of the state executive branch in addressing **land use, such as Smart Growth, deforestation...and urban sprawl.**

### **Common Water** (Middle School, K-2 Option)

#### K-2 Option

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2 - Raise questions about the world around them and be willing to seek answers to some of them by making careful observations and trying things out.
- 1.A.1; 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 7.A.1; 7.B.1; 7.D.1; 7.E.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 – Recognize and describe that the activities of individuals or groups of individuals can affect the environment.
- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how Earth's natural resources (water) are used to meet human needs.
- 1.A.1 – Explain that some natural resources are limited and need to be used wisely.
- 4.C.1; 5.A.1; 5.B.1 - Explain how people modify, protect and adapt to their environment.
- 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1; 7.E.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize that caring for the environment is an important human activity.
- 5.B.1 – Recognize that natural resources, such as water, trees and plants, are used to make products.
- 6.C.1; 7.A.1 – Identify ways that people change their environment to meet their needs, such as planting crops...

#### Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe a local, regional, or global environmental issue.
- 1.A.1; 5.A.1; 5.B.1; 6.C.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Analyze why and how people modify their natural environment and the impact of those modifications.
- 1.A.1; 5.B.1 – Analyze the decisions that people made because resources were limited relative to economic wants for goods and services.

- 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.D.1 – Recognize and describe that environmental changes can have local, regional, or global consequences.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.
- 5.B.1 – Recognize and explain the impact of a changing human population on the use of natural resources.
- 7.E.1 – Compare how scarce resources affected the decisions of consumers and producers in different regions of the United States.

### **Dilemma Derby** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe a local, regional, or global environmental issue.
- 1.B.1 – Identify and describe that ecosystems can be impacted by human activities.
- 1.B.1; 1.B.2 – Propose and justify solutions to social studies problems.
- 8.A.1 – Understand and apply the basic concept of sustainability to natural and human communities.

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.1; 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – The student will recognize that real problems have more than one solution and decisions to accept one solution over another are made on the basis of many issues.
- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.

### **A Drop in the Bucket** (Middle School, K-2 Option)

K-2 Option

- 1.A.1 – Explain that some natural resources are limited and need to be used wisely.
- 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1; 7.E.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize that caring for the environment is an important human activity.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.

### **Dust Bowls and Failed Levees** (High School)

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.5; 1.B.1; 6.B.1; 8.C.1; 8.F.1 – The student will analyze the consequences and/or trade-offs between technological changes and their effect on the individual, society, and the environment.
- 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 5.A.1; 6.A.1; 7.A.1 – The student will investigate how natural and man-made changes in environmental conditions will affect individual organisms...

### **Easy Street** (Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.B.1; 1.B.2 – Propose and justify solutions to social studies problems.
- 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 6.B.1; 7.A.1 – Recognize and explain how human activities can accelerate or magnify many naturally occurring changes.
- 7.F.1 – Analyze how technological changes have affected consumption and production in the contemporary world.
- 8.A.1 – Understand and apply the basic concept of sustainability to natural and human communities.

- 8.D.1 – Recognize and explain the impact of a changing human population on the use of natural resources.

**Energetic Water** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations, which include...observing what things are like and doing experiments.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1 – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.
- 7.F.1 – Examine how technology affects the way people live, work, and play.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.
- 7.F.1 – Realize that design usually requires taking constraints into account. (Some constraints, such as gravity or the properties of the materials to be used, are unavoidable.)

**Every Drop Counts** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 5.B.1 – Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.
- 1.A.1; 5.A.2; 6.B.1; 7.D.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize and explain that decisions influencing the use of natural resources may have benefits, drawbacks, unexpected consequences, and tradeoffs.
- 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 6.B.1; 7.E.1 – Recognize and describe that consequences may occur when Earth’s natural resources are used.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe a local, regional, or global environmental issue.
- 7.F.1 – Analyze how technological changes have affected consumption...in the contemporary world.
- 8.A.1 – Understand and apply the basic concept of sustainability to natural and human communities.

**Get the Ground Water Picture** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.5 – The student will analyze data to make predictions, decisions, or draw conclusions.
- 3.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.A.1 – Demonstrate that matter cycles through and between living systems and the physical environment, constantly being recombined in different ways.
- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.

**Geyser Guts** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations, which include...observing what things are like and doing experiments.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1 – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

### **A Grave Mistake** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe a local, regional, or global environmental issue.
- 1.A.1; 5.A.1; 5.B.1; 6.C.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Analyze why and how people modify their natural environment and the impact of those modifications.
- 1.A.3 – Identify a problem/situation that requires further study.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 1.B.1 – Identify and describe that ecosystems can be impacted by human activities.
- 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 6.B.1 – Recognize and explain that human-caused changes have consequences for Maryland’s environment as well as for other places and future times.

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.5; 1.B.1; 6.B.1; 8.C.1; 8.F.1 – The student will analyze the consequences and/or trade-offs between technological changes and their effect on the individual, society, and the environment.
- 1.A.5 – The student will explain factors that produce biased data (incomplete data)
- 1.A.5 – The student will analyze data to make predictions, decisions, or draw conclusions.
- 3.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.A.1 – Demonstrate that matter cycles through and between living systems and the physical environment...
- 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 5.A.1; 6.A.1; 7.A.1 – The student will investigate how natural and man-made changes in environmental conditions will affect individual organisms...
- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.

### **The Great Stony Book** (Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.A.1; 2.B.1 – Cite evidence to demonstrate and explain that physical weathering and chemical weathering cause changes to Earth materials.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

### **H2Olympics** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations, which includes doing experiments.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

### **Hangin’ Together** (Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.

- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

### **Hot Water** (High School)

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.1; 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – The student will recognize that real problems have more than one solution and decisions to accept one solution over another are made on the basis of many issues.

### **House of Seasons** (Lower Elementary)

Grades K-2

- 1.A.1 - Raise questions about the world around them and be willing to seek answers to some of them by making careful observations...
- 3.A.2 – Describe observable changes in water on the surface of the Earth.
- 3.A.3 – Describe that some events in nature have repeating patterns.

### **Humpty Dumpty** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.3; 1.A.4 – Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations which includes doing experiments.
- 1.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.2 – Explain ways that individuals and groups of individuals interact with each other and their environment.
- 1.A.1; 1.B.3; 5.A.2; 7.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize and describe that people in Maryland depend on, change, and are affected by the environment.
- 1.A.1; 5.A.2; 6.B.1; 7.D.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize and explain that decisions influencing the use of natural resources may have benefits, drawbacks, unexpected consequences, and tradeoffs.
- 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 6.B.1; 7.E.1 – Recognize and describe that consequences may occur when Earth's natural resources are used.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1 – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.
- 4.C.1; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Describe how people adapt to, modify, and impact the natural environment.
- 7.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.F.1 – Explain the effects that regional interests have on shaping policy in and around Maryland, such as Chesapeake Bay issues.
- 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Explain why and how people adapt to and modify the natural environment and the impact of these modifications.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1; 1.B.1; 1.B.3 – Identify and describe how human activities produce changes in natural processes.
- 1.A.1; 5.A.1; 5.B.1; 6.C.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Analyze why and how people modify their natural environment and the impact of those modifications.
- 1.B.1 – Identify and describe that ecosystems can be impacted by human activities.
- 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 8.A.18.B.1 – Recognize and explain that human-caused changes have consequences for Maryland's environment as well as for other places and future times.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

### **Imagine!** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 2.A.1; 2.B.1 – Cite and describe the processes that cause rapid or slow changes in Earth's surface.
- 1.A.1; 3.A.1; 4.A.1 – Recognize that materials continue to exist even though they change from one form to another.

Grades 6-8

- 2.A.1 – Cite evidence to explain the relationship between the hydrosphere and atmosphere.

**The Incredible Journey** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 3.A.1; 4.A.1 – Recognize that materials continue to exist even though they change from one form to another
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1 – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.

Grades 6-8

- 2.A.1 – Cite evidence to explain the relationship between the hydrosphere and atmosphere.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

**Irrigation Interpretation** (Upper Elementary, Middle School, K-2 Option)

K-2 Option

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2 - Raise questions about the world around them and be willing to seek answers to some of them by...trying things out.
- 1.A.4; 1.A.5 – Seek information through...exploration, and investigations.
- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how Earth's natural resources (water) are used to meet human needs.
- 3.A.1; 4.A.1 - Develop an awareness of the relationship of features of living things and their ability to satisfy basic needs that support their growth and survival.

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations, which include...observing what things are like and doing experiments.
- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1 – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.
- 7.F.1 – Examine how technology affects the way people live, work, and play
- 7.F.1 – Identify factors that must be considered in any technological design.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1; 5.A.1; 5.B.1; 6.C.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Analyze why and how people modify their natural environment and the impact of those modifications.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.D.1 – Recognize and describe that environmental changes can have local, regional, or global consequences.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.
- 4.E.1 – Explain that in any particular environment, the growth and survival of organisms and species depend on the physical conditions.

**Is There Water on Zork?** (Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.

**Just Passing Through** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 2.A.1 – Describe ways that the following processes contribute to changes always occurring on the Earth's surface – erosion, deposition
- 2.B.1; – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.

- 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.1 – Explain ways that individuals and groups of organisms interact with each other and their environment.

Grades 6-8

- 2.A.1; 2.B.1 – Cite evidence to demonstrate and explain that physical weathering and chemical weathering cause changes to Earth materials.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.
- 3.B.3; 4.C.1; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1 – Recognize and explain how human activities can accelerate or magnify many naturally occurring changes.

### **Let's Even Things Out** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

### **The Life Box** (Lower Elementary, Upper Elementary)

Grades K-2

- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how Earth's natural resources (water) are used to meet human needs.

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 5.B.1 – Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.

### **Life in the Fast Lane** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations, which include...observing what things are like and doing experiments.
- 1.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.2 – Explain ways that individuals and groups of individuals interact with each other and their environment.
- 4.B.1; 4.E.1 – Explain the idea that in any particular environment, some kinds of plants and animals survive well, some less well, and some cannot survive at all

Grades 6-8

- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.
- 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.1 – Give reasons supporting the fact that the number of organisms an environment can support depends on the physical conditions...
- 4.A.1 – Explain that the transfer and transformation of matter and energy links organisms to one another and to their physical setting.
- 4.E.1 – Explain that in any particular environment, the growth and survival of organisms and species depend on the physical conditions.

### **The Long Haul** (K-12)

Grades K-2

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2 - Raise questions about the world around them and be willing to seek answers to some of them by...trying things out.
- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how Earth's natural resources (water) are used to meet human needs.
- 1.A.4; 1.A.5 – Seek information through...exploration, and investigations.
- 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1; 7.E.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize that caring for the environment is an important human activity.
- 7.C.1 – Identify similarities and differences in people's characteristics, habits, and living patterns to describe how they meet the same human needs.
- 7.F.1 – Begin to be aware of technology and how it affects daily life.
- 7.F.1 – Describe how tools and products have affected the way people live, work, or play.

- 7.F.1 – Recognize that tools are used to do things better or more easily...

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.
- 7.C.1 – Describe how environment and location influenced lifestyle
- 7.F.1 – Examine how technology affects the way people live, work, and play.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.

### **Macroinvertebrate Mayhem** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.1 – Explain ways that individuals and groups of organisms interact with each other and their environment.
- 1.A.1; 1.B.3; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize and describe that people in Maryland depend on, change, and are affected by the environment.
- 1.A.1; 6.C.1 – Explain how the growth of communities and suburbs have had consequences on the environment.
- 4.B.1; 4.E.1 – Explain the idea that in any particular environment, some kinds of plants and animals survive well, some less well, and some cannot survive at all.
- 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Describe how people adapt to, modify, and impact the natural environment.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1; 5.A.1; 5.B.1; 6.C.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Analyze why and how people modify their natural environment and the impact of those modifications.
- 1.B.1 – Identify and describe that ecosystems can be impacted by human activities.
- 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.1 – Give reasons supporting the fact that the number of organisms an environment can support depends on the physical conditions...
- 4.E.1 – Explain that in any particular environment, the growth and survival of organisms and species depend on the physical conditions.

### **Molecules in Motion** (Upper Elementary)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations, which include...observing what things are like and doing experiments.
- 1.A.1; 3.A.1; 4.A.1 – Recognize that materials continue to exist even though they change from one form to another.
- 1.A.4; 1.A.5 – Seek information through reading, observation, exploration, and investigations.
- 2.B.1; – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.

### **Money Down the Drain** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations, which include doing experiments.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe a local, regional, or global environmental issue.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

**Nature Rules!** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 3.B.3; 4.C.1; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1 – Recognize and explain how human activities can accelerate or magnify many naturally occurring changes.
- 1.A.1; 5.A.1; 5.B.1; 6.C.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Analyze why and how people modify their natural environment and the impact of those modifications

Grades 9-12

- 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 5.A.1; 6.A.1; 7.A.1 – The student will investigate how natural and man-made changes in environmental conditions will affect individual organisms...

**No Bellyachers** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.1 – Explain ways that individuals and groups of organisms interact with each other and their environment.
- 1.A.1; 1.B.3; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize and describe that people in Maryland depend on, change, and are affected by the environment.
- 1.A.1; 5.A.2; 6.B.1; 7.D.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize and explain that decisions influencing the use of natural resources may have benefits, drawbacks, unexpected consequences, and tradeoffs.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

**Pass the Jug** (Middle School, K-2 Option)

K-2 Option

- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how Earth's natural resources (water) are used to meet human needs.
- 1.A.1 – Explain that some natural resources are limited and need to be used wisely.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1; 5.B.1 – Analyze the decisions that people made because resources were limited relative to economic wants for goods and services.
- 1.B.1; 1.B.2 – Propose and justify solutions to social studies problems.
- 5.B.1 – Recognize and explain the impact of a changing human population on the use of natural resources.
- 7.D.1 – Explain how regional population patterns, trends, and projections affect the environment and influence government policies.
- 7.E.1 – Compare how scarce resources affected the decisions of consumers and producers in different regions of the United States.
- 8.A.1 – Understand and apply the basic concept of sustainability to natural and human communities.

**People of the Bog** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.
- 4.E.1 – Explain that in any particular environment, the growth and survival of organisms and species depend on the physical conditions.

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.2 – The student will identify meaningful, answerable scientific questions.

- 1.A.4 – The student will identify the appropriate methods for conducting an investigation (independent and dependent variables, proper controls, etc.)
- 2.B.2 – The student will use models...to extend his/her understanding of scientific concepts.
- 3.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.A.1 – Demonstrate that matter cycles through and between living systems and the physical environment, constantly being recombined in different ways.

**Perspectives** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe a local, regional, or global environmental issue.
- 1.B.1; 1.B.2 – Propose and justify solutions to social studies problems.

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.1; 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – The student will recognize that real problems have more than one solution and decisions to accept one solution over another are made on the basis of many issues.

**Piece It Together** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Explain ways that individuals and groups of organisms interact with each other and their environment.
- 3.A.1; 4.A.1 – Recognize that some source of energy is needed for all organisms to grow and survive.
- 3.B.3 – Explain that the sun is the main source of energy that causes the changes in the water on Earth.
- 4.C.1; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Describe how people adapt to, modify, and impact the natural environment.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1; 4.C.1; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; B.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Analyze why and how people modify their natural environment and the impact of those modifications.
- 2.A.1; 3.B.2 – Cite evidence to explain the relationship between the hydrosphere and atmosphere.
- 3.B.1 – Recognize and describe that as the Earth orbits the sun, the tilt of the Earth's axis causes seasonal differences in the northern and southern latitudes.
- 3.B.3; 6.A.1 – Recognize and describe the various factors that affect climate.

**Poetic Precipitation** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 3.A.1; 4.A.1 – Recognize that materials continue to exist even though they change from one form to another.
- 2.B.1; – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.

Grades 6-8

- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

**Poison Pump** (Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 7.D.1 – Evaluate ways citizens use, monitor, and influence the implementation of public policy.

### **The Price Is Right** (High School)

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.1; 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – The student will recognize that real problems have more than one solution and decisions to accept one solution over another are made on the basis of many issues.
- 1.A.1; 6.B.1; 7.B.1; 7.E.1 – Evaluate how the principles of economic costs, benefits, and opportunity cost are used to address public policy issues, such as environmental concerns.
- 1.A.5 – The student will analyze data to make predictions, decisions, or draw conclusions.

### **The Pucker Effect** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1; 5.A.1; 5.B.1; 6.C.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Analyze why and how people modify their natural environment and the impact of those modifications.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 1.B.1 – Identify and describe that ecosystems can be impacted by human activities.
- 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 6.B.1 – Recognize and explain that human-caused changes have consequences for Maryland’s environment as well as for other places and future times.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.

Grades 9-12

- 3.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.A.1 – Demonstrate that matter cycles through and between living systems and the physical environment...
- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.

### **Raining Cats and Dogs** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 7.C.1 – Investigate cultural perspectives and dynamics and apply their understanding in context.

### **The Rainstick** (Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 7.C.1 – Investigate cultural perspectives and dynamics and apply their understanding in context.
- 7.C.1 – Apply understandings of the elements of culture to the studies of the modern world regions, such as art, music...beliefs and customs.

### **Rainy- Day Hike** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations, which include...observing what things are like.
- 2.A.1 – Describe ways that the following processes contribute to changes always occurring to the Earth’s surface – weathering, erosion, deposition.
- 2.B.1 – Cite and describe the processes that cause rapid or slow changes in Earth’s surface.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.3 – Identify a problem/situation that requires further study.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.

### **Reaching Your Limits** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 5.A.1; 5.B.1; 7.B.1 – Explain how people modify, protect, and adapt to their environment.
- 7.B.1 – Explain the decision making process used to...solve a community problem.

- 7.F.1 – Examine how technology affects the way people live, work, and play.
- 8.D.1 – Explain the role of...groups in creating rules and laws to...protect citizens, and provide services.
- 4.B.1; 4.E.1 (Extension) – Explain the idea that in any particular environment, some kinds of plants and animals survive well, some less well, and some cannot survive at all.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 7.A.1 – Evaluate the effectiveness of the various policies of government in addressing issues such as environmental concerns.
- 7.D.1 – Understand how different political systems account for, manage, and affect natural resources and environmental quality.
- 7.F.1 – Analyze how technological changes have affected consumption and production in the contemporary world.

**Salt Marsh Players** (Upper Elementary)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Explain ways that individuals and groups of individuals interact with each other and their environment.
- 4.A.1 – Recognize that some source of energy is needed for all organisms to grow and survive.
- 4.A.1 – Recognize food as the source of materials that all living things need to grow and survive.
- 4.B.1; 4.E.1 – Explain the idea that in any particular environment, some kinds of plants and animals survive well, some less well, and some cannot survive at all.

**Sparkling Water** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.
- 7.F.1 – Analyze how technological changes have affected consumption and production in the contemporary world.

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.1; 6.B.1; 7.B.1; 7.E.1 – Evaluate how the principles of economic costs, benefits, and opportunity cost are used to address public policy issues, such as environmental concerns.
- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.

**Stream Sense** (Lower Elementary, Upper Elementary)

Grades K-2

- 1.A.1 - Raise questions about the world around them and be willing to seek answers to some of them by making careful observations...
- 1.A.4; 1.A.5 – Seek information through...exploration, and investigations.

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations, which include...observing what things are like and doing experiments.

**Sum of the Parts** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.B.3; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1; 8.D.1; 8.E.1 – Recognize and describe that people in Maryland depend on, change, and are affected by the environment.

- 1.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Explain ways that individuals and groups of individuals interact with each other and their environment.
- 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Explain why and how people adapt to and modify the natural environment and the impact of these modifications.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 - Identify and describe a range of local issues that have an impact on people in other places.
- 1.A.1; 5.A.1; 5.B.1; 6.C.1; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Analyze why and how people modify their natural environment and the impact of those modifications.
- 1.B.1 – Identify and describe that ecosystems can be impacted by human activities.
- 5.B.1 – Recognize and explain the impact of a changing human population on...environmental quality.
- 6.B.1 – Describe ways people modified their environment to meet their needs.
- 7.F.1 – Realize that design usually requires taking constraints into account. (Constraints, including economic, political, social, ethical, and aesthetic ones limit choices.)

**Super Bowl Surge**

*Part I- Upper Elementary, Middle School*

Grades 3-5

- 2.B.2; 4.D.1 – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.
- 7.B.1 – Explain the decision making process used to accomplish a community goal or solve a community problem.
- 7.F.1 – Examine how technology affects the way people live, work, and play.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 1.B.1 – Identify and describe that ecosystems can be impacted by human activities.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.
- 7.F.1 – Analyze how technological changes have affected consumption and production in the contemporary world.

*Part II – High School*

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.1; 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – The student will recognize that real problems have more than one solution and decisions to accept one solution over another are made on the basis of many issues.
- 1.A.1; 6.B.1; 7.B.1; 7.E.1 – Evaluate how the principles of economic costs, benefits, and opportunity cost are used to address public policy issues, such as environmental concerns.
- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.

**Super Sleuths** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.

Grades 9-12

- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.

**Thirsty Plants** (Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.A.1; 2.B.2 – Cite evidence to explain the relationship between the hydrosphere and atmosphere.
- 3.A.1; 4.A.1 – Explain that the transfer of matter and energy links organisms...to their physical environment.

**The Thunderstorm** (Lower Elementary, Upper Elementary)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2; 1.A.4 - Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations...
- 1.A.5 – Use data...to interpret findings to form conclusions.

**Water: Read All About It!** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe a local, regional, or global environmental issue.
- 1.B.1; 1.B.2 – Propose and justify solutions to social studies problems.

**Water Address** (Upper Elementary, Middle School, K-2 Option)

Grades K-2

- 3.A.1; 4.A.1 - Develop an awareness of the relationship of features of living things and their ability to satisfy basic needs that support their growth and survival.

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 3.C.1; 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.2 – Explain ways that individuals and groups of individuals interact with each other and their environment.
- 4.B.1 – Explain that individuals of the same kind differ in their characteristics, and sometimes the differences give individuals an advantage in surviving and reproducing.
- 4.B.1; 4.E.1 – Explain the idea that in any particular environment, some kinds of plants and animals survive well, some less well, and some cannot survive at all.

Grades 6-8

- 4.E.1 – Explain that in any particular environment, the growth and survival of organisms and species depend on the physical conditions.

**Water Bill of Rights** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 7.A.1 – Evaluate the effectiveness of the various policies of government in addressing issues such as environmental concerns.
- 7.D.1 – Understand how different political systems account for, manage, and affect natural resources and environmental quality.
- 8.A.1 – Understand and apply the basic concept of sustainability to natural and human communities.

Grades 9-12

- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.

**Water Celebration** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 7.C.1 – Investigate cultural perspectives and dynamics and apply their understanding in context.

### **Water Concentration** (Upper Elementary)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.
- 1.A.1; 6.C.1 – Explain how the growth of communities and suburbs have had consequences on the environment.
- 7.F.1 – Examine how technology affects the way people live, work, and play.

### **Water Court** (High School)

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.1; 1.B.2; 1.B.3; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – The student will recognize that real problems have more than one solution and decisions to accept one solution over another are made on the basis of many issues.
- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.

### **Water Crossings** (Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School)

Grades 3-5

- 4.C.1; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 7.A.1; 7.B.1 – Describe how people adapt to, modify, and impact the natural environment.
- 7.B.1 – Explain the decision making process used to accomplish a community goal or solve a community problem.
- 8.E.1 – Describe how geographic characteristics of places and regions change over time and influence the way people live and work

Grades 6-8

- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.
- 7.F.1 – Realize that design usually requires taking constraints into account.

### **wAtER in moTion** (Upper Elementary)

Grades 3-5

- 2.B.2; 4.D.1 – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.

### **Water Match** (Lower Elementary)

Grades K-2

- 3.A.2 – Describe observable changes in water on the surface of the Earth.

### **Water Messages in Stone** (Lower Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 7.C.1 – Investigate cultural perspectives and dynamics and apply their understanding in context.

### **Water Meter** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2 – Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations...
- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.
- 1.A.5 – Use data...to interpret findings to form conclusions.
- 8.A.1 – Understand and apply the basic concept of sustainability to...human communities.
- 1.B.1 (Extension) – Use recommendation(s) to develop and implement an environmental action plan.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.

- 8.A.1 – Understand and apply the basic concept of sustainability to natural and human communities.

### **Water Models** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

#### Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2 – Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations.
- 1.A.1; 1.A.2 – Raise questions about the world around them and be willing to seek answers to some of them by making careful observations and trying things out.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1 – Examine and modify models and discuss their limitations.
- 3.A.1; 4.A.1 – Recognize that materials continue to exist even though they change from one form to another.
- 3.A.2 – Explain that the sun is the main source of energy that causes the changes in the water on Earth.

#### Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.A.1; 2.B.2 – Cite evidence to explain the relationship between the hydrosphere and atmosphere.
- 2.B.2; 4.D.1; 4.D.2 – Analyze the value and the limitations of different types of models in explaining real things and processes.
- 4.A.1 – Explain that the transfer of matter and energy links organisms to one another and to their physical setting.
- 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.1 – Give reasons supporting the fact that the number of organisms an environment can support depends on the physical conditions...

### **Water Works** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

#### Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 – Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.
- 5.B.1; 7.E.1 – Give examples of when limited resources affect the decisions producers make.
- 5.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.E.1 – Explain that people must make choices because resources are limited relative to unlimited wants for goods and services.
- 7.F.1 – Explain how technological changes have affected production and consumption.

#### Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 5.B.1 – Analyze the decisions that people make because natural resources are limited relative to economic wants for goods and services.
- 7.F.1 – Analyze how technological changes have affected consumption and production in the contemporary world.
- 8.C.1 – Identify the tradeoffs of using resources to pursue economic opportunities v. preserving the environment, such as water use.
- 8.E.1 – Explain how the physical ...characteristics of a region affect its economic growth and the way people make a living.

### **Wet Vacation** (Middle School, High School)

#### Grades 6-8

- 2.A.1; 2.B.2 – Cite evidence to explain the relationship between the hydrosphere and atmosphere.
- 3.B.3; 6.A.1 – Recognize and describe the various factors that affect climate.
- 3.B.1 – Recognize and describe that as the Earth orbits the sun, the tilt of the Earth's axis causes changes in the angle of the sun in the sky during the year.

#### Grades 9-12

- 3.B.2; 3.C.1 – Analyze how the transfer of energy between atmosphere, land masses and oceans results in areas of different temperatures and densities that produce weather patterns.
- 4.B.1 – Compare climate, land use, natural resources...of the United States.

**Wetland Soils in Living Color** (Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.

**What's Happening?** (Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2 – Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations.
- 1.A.1; 7.D.1; 8.A.1; 8.B.1; 8.C.1 - Recognize and explain how renewable and nonrenewable natural resources are used by humans to meet basic needs.
- 1.A.3 – Identify and describe that an environmental issue affects individual people and groups of people differently.

**What's the Solution?** (Upper Elementary, Middle School)

Grades 3-5

- 1.A.1; 1.A.2 – Gather and question data from many different forms of scientific investigations.

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.

**Where Are the Frogs?** (Middle School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.4 – Design, analyze, or carry out simple investigations and formulate appropriate conclusions based on data obtained or provided.
- 2.A.1 – Cite evidence to explain the relationship between the hydrosphere and atmosphere.
- 4.B.1; 4.C.1; 4.D.1 – Give reasons supporting the fact that the number of organisms an environment can support depends on the physical conditions...
- 4.E.1 – Explain that in any particular environment, the growth and survival of organisms and species depend on the physical conditions.

**Whose Problem Is It?** (Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe problems associated with obtaining, using, and distributing natural resources.
- 1.A.1 – Identify and describe a local, regional, or global environmental issue.
- 1.B.3; 5.A.1; 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.D.1 – Recognize and describe that environmental changes can have local, regional, or global consequences.

Grades 9-12

- 1.A.1; 6.B.1; 7.B.1; 7.E.1 – Evaluate how the principles of economic costs, benefits, and opportunity cost are used to address public policy issues, such as environmental concerns.
- 5.A.2; 5.B.1; 6.B.1; 7.A.1; 7.F.1; 8.A.1; 8.D.1 – The student will evaluate the interrelationship between humans and water quality and quantity.
- 7.A.1; 7.E.1 – Evaluate the effect that international, national, and regional interests have on shaping environmental policy...pollution.

**Wish Book** (Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School)

Grades 6-8

- 7.C.1 – Investigate cultural perspectives and dynamics and apply their understanding in context.